B Class

Karnatak

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RH2BC DEPARTMENT

'E' BRANCH

Subject:— Vimukta Jatis

Schemes for the

Welfare of —

p. 64 (E)

B Class

Karnatak

File No.

Std. Sectt. Slip 24 B e.

R.H. & B.C.D. /E.

A statement showing the provisions in the next years budget on account of the measures for the welfare of Vimochit Jatis has been prepared on the basis of information furnished by the Deptt.s and the heads of Departments . In many cases the Departments / and heads of Deptt.s had merely furnished figures of the provisions proposed by them and not the figure admitted in the next year's budget. It will, therefore, be necessary to have the accompanying statement cheched by the concerned Departments. A copy of the statement may be forwarded to the concerned Departments with a request to have the figures of the next Year's provisions & expected Central assistance checked and return the statement duly corrected before Monday the 2nd April 1956.

The D.D may in particular be requested to confirm the figures under the heads agriculture and Cottage Industries. The proposals for starting industrial training centres at Sholapur and Baramati have not been specifically included im the Plan. As however they are not existing sanctioned schemes and provision for the same has been included in the next year's budget, they may be included in the 2nd Five Year Plan by suitable adjustments.

Id/ 31/3/56

Resubmitted.

Draft schedule in section ~~case~~ case put up for approval.

Id/- 14/4/56.

Ms 31/3/56

R.H.& B.C.D.
E

The accompanying statements A, B, and C show the provisions made in the current year's budget for the welfar of the ex-C.Ts. Statement 'A' shows at a glance the provisions made under various heads of development. The schemes for which these provisions have been made are enumerated in statement B. Statement C gives details in respect of each scheme. The provisions have been arrival at after consulting the concerned Department. The F.D. suggestion to included the provision of Rs.10,000 for organisation of community-cum-recreational centres in Section A has not been accepted. The Govt. of India sanctioned this scheme in February 1956 with the result that provision therefor could not be made in the current year's budget. The F.D has, therefore, advised that provision should be ma for this scheme by a supplementary demand and that it should be accommodated in Plan expenditure. This scheme cannot, therefore, be included in Section A, which shows committed expenditure.

2. The Registrar of Co-op. societies has proposed the provision of Rs.79,500 for assistance to Co-op.Farming Societies of Ex-C Ts. This provision has been reduced to Rs-19,500 on the advice of the Dev.Deptt. It has not been possible to locate this provision in the Plan items and consequently to give the targets - physical and financial in the scheme

3. The other provisions have been cakayed by the concerned Deptts. and may now be communitated to the Govt. of India for sanction and grant-in-aid. It has been made clear in para 3 of the Govt. of India's letter dated 9-3-56 that no scheme outside the State Plan would be considered for central assistance. Our plan including only such schemes as are either expansion of the existing schemes or new schemes. Continuance of the existing activities at the level attained in 1955-56 has been treated as committed expenditure and is consequentsly not

...not included in the Plan. The implimentions of the Govt. of India decision would be that no grant would be receiveable in respect of existing aided schemes which are not indluded in the Plan. These schemes are enumerated in Section A of statement B. The total cost of these schemes would be Rs.5,14,480. The P & S.D. has already moved in the matter and it is hoped that the Govt. of India may reconsider and admit these schemes for grant-in-aid. It is, however, possible that the Govt. of india may persist in their objection and refuse to pay grant on these schemes. A perusal of these schemes will show that they will have to be continued. The Ashram Scheols cum-sanskar Kendras, Hostels, Scholarships recreation centres, industrial training centres propagandists, etc. are activities which cannot be discontinued. Even if the Govt. of India may not sanction grants on these schemes we will have to continue them. For the time being they may be continued in anticipation of the Govt. of India sanction. After the sanction is received the position my be reviewed. Such schemes as are indispensable may be continued and the escapable items may be ~~continued and the~~ considered for discontinuance in case the Government of India refuse to pay grant.

4. The adcompanying draft letter to the Gat. of India is for approval As usual it may be ~~framed~~ printed.

Id/- 18/4/56.

JS. 18/4 ID.

Msp/31/8/56

Secy E/E. Sd/- 20/4/56

Secy A.FD Sd/- 20/4

Secy DD. Sd/- 21/4

DS, P&SD
(Shri Pardas ni) Sd/- 21/4/56

Secy. FD. Sd/-21/4/56

Dy M (BCD) Sd/- 21-4-56

M(BCD) Sd/- 25/4/56

CM.

Why did it take a week to issue the orders?

Id/ 7/5

Respectfully resubmitted.

2. These papers were received back from M(BCD) on the 26th April 1956. They were sent on the same day to the G.C.Press for printing the letter to the Govt. of India and its accompaniments. Copies of the letter and of its accompaniments were received from the Press on the 1st May 1956 and <u>on that very day</u> the letter was issued. It will thus be kindly seen that there was no avoidable delay in the issue of the letter.

Id/ ~~7/15756.~~ 7/5/56.

Id/- 18/5

M (BCD) 18/5

CM 19.2.95

Governor. 19/5

Msp/31/8/56

WELFARE OF VIMUKTA JATIS

Central Grant on the Schemes of the Bombay Government for 1956-57

BOMBAY
PRINTED AT THE GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRESS
1956

No. MBC. 2156-E.

REHABILITATION, HOUSING AND
BACKWARD CLASSES DEPARTMENT :
Sachivalaya, Foreshore Road,
Bombay 1, 27th April 1956.

From

SHRI L. G. RAJWADE, I.C.S.,
Joint Secretary to the Government of Bombay,
Rehabilitation, Housing and
Backward Classes Department.

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
Ministry of Home Affairs,
New Delhi.

Subject.—Welfare of the Vimukta Jatis—Central grant on the schemes of the Bombay Government for 1956-57.

Sir,

I am directed to refer to the Government of India, Letter No. 19(2)/56-Pub.-III, dated 9th March 1956, on the subject mentioned above and to forward herewith detailed information in respect of schemes which are proposed to be undertaken during the current year for the welfare of the Vimukta Jatis. The accompanying Statement 'A' shows abstract of the provisions made under various heads of development in the Bombay Government's budget for the welfare of the Vimukta Jatis. The schemes in respect of which these provisions have been made are enumerated in the accompanying Statement 'B'. Statement 'C' gives full details in respect of these schemes.

2. In paragraph 3 of the Government of India, Letter No. 19(2)/56-Pub.-III of 9th March 1956, it is provided that no scheme outside the State Plan would be considered for central assistance. In the Bombay Government's Second Five-Year Plan for the welfare of Backward Classes only such schemes have been included as are either altogether new schemes or expansions of existing schemes. Expenditure on account of existing schemes at the level of development reached in 1955-56 has been treated as committed expenditure and is not shown in the Second Five-Year Plan. The question whether central assistance is receivable in respect of such schemes, i.e. existing aided schemes not included in the Plan has already been taken up with the Planning Commission *vide* Shri Pardasani's Demi-official Letter No. FYP. 1156-R, dated 15th March 1956, a copy of which was forwarded to the Home Ministry under Shri Rajwade's Demi-official Letter No. MBC. 2556/15409-E, dated 24th March 1956. It is hoped that in view of the position explained therein the Government of India will agree to continue central

assistance as hithertofore on existing aided schemes which have not been included in the Plan. The Schemes have been separately enumerated in Section 'A' of the Statement B.

3. The Government of India have hitherto been sanctioning grant on the State Government's expenditure on the welfare of the Vimukta Jatis on full-cost basis. While calculating the resources position of the State, central assistance on 100 per cent. basis on this expenditure for the welfare of Vimukta Jatis has been assumed. I am, therefore, to request you to move the Government of India to sanction grant on the Bombay Government's expenditure on the welfare of the Vimukta Jatis on full-cost basis during the current year.

4. The existing aided schemes which have not been included in the Plan are being continued in anticipation of the Government of India sanction and grant-in-aid. The schemes are being aided by the Government of India for the last three years and it has been assumed that the Government of India would have no objection to the implementation of these measures in the coming five years. A perusal of these measures will show that they cannot be held in abeyance pending receipt of the Government of India sanction. The State Government's action in continuing these schemes in anticipation of the Government of India sanction and grant-in-aid may kindly be approved. Schemes included in the Plan, as stated above, are either new measures or expansion of existing measures. They may also be sanctioned at a very early date to enable this Government to implement them satisfactorily and utilise the grant that may be sanctioned by the Government of India thereon.

Yours faithfully,
L. G. RAJWADE,
Joint Secretary to the Government of Bombay,
Rehabilitation, Housing and
Backward Classes Department.

Copy, together with accompaniments, forwarded
The Director of Education,
The Director of Backward Class Welfare,
The Director of Agriculture,
The Registrar of Co-operative Societies,
The Joint Registrar for Industrial Co-operatives and Village Industries,
The Local Self-Government and Public Health Department,
The Legal Department,
The Political and Services Department,
The Development Department,
The Agriculture and Forests Department,
The Finance Department,
The Accountant General, Bombay,
The Deputy Accountant General, Baroda,
The Pay and Accounts Officer, Bombay.

STATEMENT A.

Abstract of expenditure on schemes for the welfare of Vimukta Jatis for the year 1956-57 under the special grant-in-aid schemes of the Government of India (Ministry of Home Affairs).

Serial No.	Name of the Head.	Expenditure during the three years preceding the year 1956-57 for which the grant-in-aid is now asked for.						Total expenditure (including Central grant) proposed to be incurred during 1956-57 for which the grant-in-aid is asked for.	Out of total expenditure shown in the preceding column amount proposed to be met entirely from the State funds during 1956-57.	Amount of grant-in-aid required from the Central Government.
		Total expenditure incurred (including Central grant).			Grant-in-aid sanctioned.					
		During 1st Year.	During 2nd Year.	During 3rd Year.	During 1st Year.	During 2nd Year.	During 3rd Year.			
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Section A (Existing sanctioned schemes not included in the Plan).									
1	Education ...	61,346	1,74,002	2,43,150	68,288	2,44,540	2,96,980	2,82,980	.....	2,92,980
2	Agriculture ...	54,316	67,000	1,22,000	67,466	73,500	1,30,000	.....	.....	.....
3	Housing ...	1,50,580	22,500	50,000	1,50,580	25,000	50,000	.....	.....	.....
4	Cottage Industries ...	18,000	1,60,251	1,75,202	98,000	1,85,227	1,43,262	1,95,000	.....	1,95,000
5	Public Health ...	4,722	.....	.....	5,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	Aid to Voluntary Agencies.	1,817	8,459	11,240	2,500	14,000	13,500	13,500	.....	13,500
7	Miscellaneous ...	10,500	10,060	12,000	10,500	35,000	53,000	23,000	.....	23,000
	Grand Total ...	3,01,281	4,42,272	6,13,592	4,02,334	5,77,267	6,86,742	5,14,480	.....	5,14,480

STATEMENT A—*contd.*

Serial No.	Name of the Head.	Expenditure during the three years preceding the year 1956–57 for which the grant-in aid is now asked for.						Total expenditure (including Central grant) proposed to be incurred during 1956–57 for which the grant-in-aid is asked for.	Out of total expenditure shown in the preceding column amount proposed to be met entirely from the State funds during 1956–57.	Amount of grant-in-aid required from the Central Government.
		Total expenditure incurred (including Central grant).			Grant-in-aid sanctioned.					
		During 1st Year.	During 2nd Year.	During 3rd Year.	During 1st Year.	During 2nd Year.	During 3rd Year.			
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Section B (Schemes included in the Second Five-Year Plan).									
1	Education ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,21,680	.....	3,21,680
2	Agriculture ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	88,000	.....	88,000
3	Housing ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,10,000	70,000	40,000
4	Cottage Industries ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,07,886	3,000	1,04,886
5	Aid to Voluntary Agencies.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,000	.....	1,000
6	Miscellaneous ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	44,500	.....	44,500
	Grand Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,73,066	73,000	6,00,066

STATEMENT B.

Statement showing the provisions made for Schemes for the Welfare of the Vimukta Jatis in the Bombay Government Budget for 1956-57.

STATEMENT

Statement showing the provisions made for Schemes for the Welfare of

Serial No.	Head.	Name of scheme.	Expenditure 1953-54	1954-55	1955-56
1	2	3	4	5	6
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
					Section A.—Existing
1	Education ...	(1) Maintenance of Ashram Schoool-cum-Sanskar Kendras for V. J. pupils.	20,966	61,768	95,070
		(2) Conversion of primary schools into Basic Schools for V. J. pupils.	850	3,960	5,000
		(3) Free supply of books and slates for V. J. pupils in primary schools.	22,552	31,000	45,000
		(4) Provision of hostel facilities for pupils belonging to V. J.s—			
		(a) Continuance of hostels started up to 1955-56.			
		(b) Concessional grant account of V. J. pupils at the special rate of Rs. 20 per pupil p.m.	16,978	69,702	66,680
		(c) Ad-hoc grant to the hostels at Bochasan, Bhiloda and Vaghari Boarding House at Dholka.	.....	.....	21,400
		(5) Additional sets of Scholarships for V. J. pupils in Primary Schools.	.....	7,572†	10,000
		(6) Organisation of community-cum-recreational centres.	.....	.....	.....
		Total, Education ...	61,346	1,74,002	2,43,150
2	Agriculture ...	(1) Supply of bullocks, implements, seeds etc. to V. J. cultivators.	30,350‡‡	42,000	40,000
		(2) Financial assistance to Co-operative Farming Socieites of V. J.s.	23,966	25,000	62,000‡‡
		(3) Assistance to Ramoshi Agricultural of Man Taluka in North Satara.	.....	.....	20,000
		Total, Agriculture ...	54,316	67,000	1,22,000
3	Housing ...	(1) Subsidies to Co-operative Housing Societies of Ex-C. T.s.	1,50,580	22,500	50,000
		Total, Housing ...	1,50,580	22,500	50,000

* Please also *vide* section B.
† Taken from the information supplied for Commr.'s report.
‡ Shown in Section B.

TB.

the Vimukta Jatis in the Bombay Government Budget for 1956-57.

Central Grant			Provision proposed for 1956-57	Central grant expected for 1956-57	Expenditure proposed to be met solely from State revenues during 1956-57	Physical targets.	Remarks.
1953-54	1954-55	1955-56					
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
aided schemes not included in the plan.							
22,000	1,11,240	1,18,000	1,31,900	1,31,900	*Nil.*	Please *see* Statement C.	
850	5,000	5,000	8,000	8,000	*Nil.*	Do.	
22,560	31,000	45,000	45,000	45,000	*Nil.*	Do.	
22,878	87,300	66,680	66,680	66,680	*Nil.*	Do.	
.....	.....	21,400	21,400	21,400	*Nil.*	Do.	
.....	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	.....	Do.	
.....	.....	30,000	‡	‡	‡	‡	
68,288	2,44,540	2,96,980	2,82,980	2,82,980	.....		
43,500	43,500	48,000	**	**	**	**	
23,966	30,000	62,000‡‡	**	**	**	**	
.....	.....	20,000	....	....	....		
67,466	73,500	1,30,000	....	....	....		
1,50,580	25,000	50,000	....	....	....		
1,50,580	25,000	50,000	....	....	....		

** Please *see* section B.

‡‡ Includes a grant of Rs. 10,000 for Palipada Co-operative Farming Society, Palghar.

STATEMENT

Serial No.	Head.	Name of Scheme.	Expenditure.		
			1953–54.	1954–55	5–56.
1	2	3	4	5	6
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
4	Cottage Industries	(1) Financial assistance to multipurpose Societies of V.J.s	9,500	9,000	9,000
		(2) Financial assistance to Industrial Co-operations of V.J.s	8,500	19,500	20,000
		(3) Maintenance of 5 Industrial training centres for V.J.s	...	93,524	1,42,040
		(4) Subsidy to Umedpur Majoor Sahakari Sangh for wharfage and Demurrage charges.	...	10,227	...
		(5) Rehabilitation of Chharas of Naroda, Ahmedabad.	...	26,000	3,262
		(6) Organisation of a Training Class in Wool-carding and wool-spinning for V.J. ladies at Bijapur.	...	...	...
		(7) Organisation of a production centre at Sholapur.	...	...	...
		Total, Cottage Industries ...	18,000	1,60,251	1,75,202
5	Public Health ...	(1) Improvement of water supply facilities to the V. J. localities.	4,722	...	...
		Total, Public Health ...	4,722	...	...
6	Aid to Vol. Agencies.	(1) Appointment of propaganda workers for the welfare of V. J.s.	1,817	8,459	11,240
		Total-Aid to Vol. Agencies ...	1,817	8,459	11,240
7	Miscellaneous ...	(1) Discretionary grant with the D. B. C. W. for free supply of clothes to deserving V. J. Pupils.	...	10,000	10,000
		(2) Grant of legal aid to V. J.s in Civil and Criminal proceedings.	...	60	2,000
		(3) Financial assistance to Lawanis of Vinchur for construction of houses.	10,500	...	...
		(4) Organisation of Bal-Mandirs and creches for V. J.s.	...	...	...
		Total, Miscellaneous ...	10,500	10,060	12,000

B—*contd.*

Central Grant.			Provision proposed for 1956–57.	Central grant expected for 1956–57.	Expenditure proposed to be met solely from State revenues during 1956–57.	Physical targets.	Remarks.
1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.					
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
9,500	9,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	*Nil.*	Please *see* Statement C.	
8,500	25,000	20,000	...	...	...	...	
80,000	1,00,000	1,00,000	1,75,000	1,75,000	*Nil.*	Please *see* Statement C.	
...	10,227	....	...	...	...		
...	26,000	3,262					
...	...	10,000	10,000	10,000	*Nil.*	Please *see* Statement C	
...	15,000	...	...	...	...	...	
98,000	1,85,227	1,43,262	1,95,000	1,95,000			
5,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5,000	...	...	...			...	
2,500	14,000	13,500	13,500	13,500	*Nil.*	Please *see* Statement C.	
2,500	14,000	13,500	13,500	13,500	*Nil.*		
...	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	*Nil.*	Please *see* Statement C.	Please *see* section B.
...	25,000	25,000	12,000	13,000	*Nil.*	Do.	
10,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	18,000					
10,500	35,000	53,000	23,000	23,000	...	...	

* Shown in section B.

STATEMENT

Serial No.	Head.	Name of Scheme.	Expenditure.		
			1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.
1	2	3	4	5	6
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Education ...	(1) Development of Ashram Schools for V. J. Pupils.	...	...	...
		(2) Free supply of books and slates to V. J. Pupils.	...	...	...
		(3) Additional Sets of scholarships to V. J. Pupils in Primary Schools.	...	...	...
		(4) Opening of additional Ashram Schools for V. J. Pupils.	...	...	...
		(5) Organisation of community-*cum*-recreation Centres.	*	*	*
		(6) Grants to B. C. Hostels for admitting more V. J. Pupils.	...	...	...
		Total, Education ...	...	...	...
2	Agriculture ...	(1) Supply of bullocks, implements, etc., to Ex-C. T. cultivators at a subsidised rate.	*	*	*
		(2) Grant of subsidies to Co-operative Farming Societies of V. J.s.	*	*	*
		(3) Reclamation of waste lands granted to V. J.s.	...	...	...
		(4) Supply of seeds at 1/2 cost to V. J. Agriculturists.	...	...	...
		Total, Agriculture ...	...	...	...
3	Housing ...	(1) Financial assistance to Co-operative Housing Societies of V. J.s.	*	*	*
		Total, Housing ...	...	...	...

B—*concld.*

Central Grant.			Provision proposed for 1956-57.	Central grant expected for 1956-57.	Expenditure proposed to be met solely from State revenues during 1956-57.	Physical targets.	Remarks.
933-54.	1954-55.	1955-56.					
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	...	2,30,000	2,30,000	*Nil.*	Please see Statement C.	
...	...	...	7,500	7,500	*Nil.*	Do.	
...	...	...	500	500	*Nil.*	Do.	
...	...	...	45,180	45,180	*Nil.*	Do.	
*	*	*	33,500	33,500	*Nil.*	Do.	
...	...	...	5,000	5,000	*Nil.*	Do.	
...	...	...	3,21,680	3,21,680			
*	*	*	33,500	33,500	*Nil.*	Do.	
*	*	*	19,500	19,500	*Nil.*	Do.	
...	...	...	30,000	30,000	*Nil.*	Do.	
...	...	...	5,000	5,000	*Nil*	Do.	
...	...	...	88,000	88,000			
*	*	*	1,10,000	40,000	70,000	Do.	
...	...	...	1,10,000	40,000	70,000		

* For grant and expenditure in past years please *vide* section A.

STATEMENT

Serial No.	Head.	Name of Scheme.	Expenditure. 1953-54.	1954-55.	1955-56
1	2	3	4	5	6
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
4	Cottage Industries	(1) Starting of an Industrial Training Centre for V. J.s at Jalgaon.	...	...	....
		(2) Starting of an Industrial Training Centre for V. J.s at Baramati.	...	...	...
		(3) Starting of a Hand-loom weaving Centre for V. J.s at Sholapur.	...	...	...
		(4) Grant of loans and subsidies to V. J. artizans trained at Industrial Peripatetic and other schools.	...	...	...
		Total, Cottage Industries ...	...	...	...
5	Aid to Vol. Agencies.	(1) Grant to Vol. agencies for appointment of additional propagandist.	...	...	...
		Total, Aid to Vol. Agencies ...	...	...	...
6	Miscellaneous ...	(1) Discretionary grant with the D. B. C. W. for supply of clothes or spinning wheels to V. J. pupils in Pry. Schools.	...	...	...
		(2) Provision of water supply in V. J. localities.	...	...	...
		(3) Organisation of Bl. Mandirs and creches for V. J.s.	...	...	...
		(4) Grant to Harijan Sevak Sangh Gujarat for uplift of Chharas of Ahmedabad.	...	...	...
		Total, Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...

† For grants and expenditure in past years, please *vide* section A.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

(iii) The cost on account of introduction of different crafts taken as under.

Name of item.	Recurring expenditure.	Non-recurring expenditure.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Kitchen gardening	50	200	250
2. Spinning in lower standards	60	450	510
Total ...	110	650	760

(iv) Sanskar Kendras.

(a) Recurring—		Rs.	Rs.
1. Establishment—			
Teacher at Rs. 70 per month (70×12)			840
2. Rent of the building at Rs. 15 p. m. (15×12).			180
3. Contingencies—			
Slates, pens, pencils, papers, newspapers; soaps, oil, clothing, etc. at Rs. 40 per year per child (40×30).		1,200	
Ayurvedic medical box and medical aid for one year.		300	
			1,500
4. Mid-day meals for 30 children at Rs. 5 per month.			1,800
		Total ...	4,320
(b) Non-recurring—			
Equipment for games		250	
Musical instruments		150	
Utensils and cupboard		250	
Books for Library		150	
Medical Box		90	
			890
		Grand Total ...	5,210

Grand total of (i) to (iv):—

	Rs.
(i)	1,793
(ii)	8,840
(iii)	760
(iv)	5,210
	16,603

for one place.

(Rs. 14,463 Recurring. Rs. 2,140 Non-recurring.)

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

The cost of an Ashram School-*cum*-Sanskar Kendra is roughly as under:—

(*i*) *School.*

(*a*) *Recurring*—		Rs.
1. Pay of a teacher at Rs. 60 p. m.	...	720
2. Dearness Allowance at Rs. 45 p. m.	...	540
3. Provident Fund at one anna in a rupee	...	45
4. Contingency at Rs. 1-8-0 p. m.	...	18
5. Rent at Rs. 30 p. m. ..	...	360
6. Miscellaneous ..	...	10
Total	...	1,693
(*b*) *Non-recurring*—		
Furniture	...	1,100
Grand Total	...	1,793

(*ii*) *Hostel.*

(*a*) *Recurring*—		
1. Allowance to Superintendent (10 × 12)	...	120
2. Stipends to inmates (30 × 15 × 12) ...	...	5,400
3. Pay of one cook (30 × 12) ...	...	360
4. Pay of kitchen servant (25 × 12) ...	...	300
5. Pay of Kamathi (25 × 12) ...	...	300
6. Dearness Allowance to three Class IV servants (35 × 3 × 12) ...	...	,260
7. Rent (40 × 12)	...	480
8. Contingency and lighting charges (10 × 12)	...	120
Total	...	8,340
(*b*) *Non-recurring*—		
Purchase of utensils etc.	...	500
Grand Total	...	8,840

B—*concld.*

Central Grant.			Provision proposed for 1956–57.	Central grant expected for 1956–57.	Expenditure proposed to be met solely from State revenues during 1956–57.	Physical targets.	Remarks.
1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.					
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
...	...	...	37,527	37,527	*Nil.*	Please *see* Statement C	
...	...	...	37,807	37,807	*Nil.*	Do.	
...	...	...	28,552	28,552	*Nil.*	Do.	
...	...	...	4,000	1,000	3,000	Do.	
...	...	...	1,07,886	1,04,886	3,000		
			1,000	1,000	*Nil.*	Please *vide* Statement C.	
...	...	...	1,000	1,000			
...	...	...	6,000	6,000	*Nil.*	Please *vide* Statement C.	
...	...	...	19,000	19,000	*Nil.*	Do.	
...	...	...	18,000	18,000	*Nil.*	Do.	
...	...	...	1,500	1,500	*Nil.*	Do.	
...	...	...	44,500	44,500			

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

One glaring drawback in the scheme was noticed. The idea underlying an Ashram School is to take away the children from their parents and rear them up in the dignified atmosphere of an Ashram. The present Ashram Schools-cum-Sanskar Kendras are located in the Vimukta Jatis localities. The Vimukta Jatis localities do not provide proper atmosphere for an Ashram School. Government has therefore decided to split up the institution into 2 units—the Ashram school being located away from the Vimukta Jatis localities and the Sanskar Kendra which would be located in the midst of the Vimukta Jatis localities. The Ashram School is proposed to be developed on the same lines as the Ashram Schools for the Scheduled Tribes. Additional expenditure for development of Ashram Schools has been included in the 2nd Five Year Plan while the existing expenditure on the Ashram School-cum-Sanskar Kendras has been treated as committed expenditure not included in the Plan. The additional expenditure for development of existing Ashram Schools for Vimukta Jatis has therefore been shown under Section B. Under this Section expenditure only on the existing admitted basis is shown. Expenditure on the existing admitted basis would be Rs. 1,31,900. The Voluntary Agencies maintaining these institutions are, for the time being, proposed to be given grant on full cost basis since in the present stringency they are not able to collect donations to meet their share of the expenditure.

Expenditure.—The sub-joined statement shows the expenditure incurred on these Ashram Schools-*cum*-Sanskar Kendras and the share borne by the State and Central Government respectively :—

Year.	Total expenditure.	Share of State Government.	Share of the Government of India.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1953–54	20,966	*Nil.*	22,000
1954–55	61,768	*Nil.*	1,11,240
1955–56	95,070	*Nil.*	1,18,900

The expenditure during 1956–57 would be Rs. 1,31,900.

Percentage of expenditure to be met by the Central Government.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the Central Funds. Reasons for this have been fully explained in the covering letter.

Is any part of the expenditure met from any other Central Grant.—No.

Area of application.—Districts of Sholapur, Bijapur, Dharwar, East Khandesh, Ahmedabad, Kolhapur and Poona.

Executive Authority.—The Director of Education.

Any other justifications for the expenditure.—This is a sanctioned scheme which is proposed to be continued during 1956–57 without any modifications.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

2. Conversion of primary schools into Basic Schools for Vimukta Jatis pupils.

Estimated cost during 1956-57 :

Recurrent	...	Rs. 8,000	Non-recurrent	...	Rs. *Nil.*
Total	....	,, 8,000			

Brief explanatory note.—In order that Vimukta Jati pupils may get the benefit of Basic Education Government decided to convert the following 5 full-grade primary schools in the Vimukta Jati localities into Basic Schools :—

(1) Industrial Settlement School, Sholapur.
(2) Industrial Settlement School, Hubli.
(3) Industrial Settlement School, Gadag.
(4) Industrial Settlement School, Naroda.
(5) Industrial Settlement School, Bijapur.

It was reported that the children belonging to the Vimukta Jati Tribes at Bijapur had left the locality. The question of converting the school at Bijapur into a basic school was, therefore, given up.

In 1953-54 the primary schools at Naroda (Ahmedabad) and Sholapur were converted into Basic Schools. In 1954-55 the primary school at Hubli was converted into a basic school. Steps have been taken to convert the remaining school at Gadag (Dharwar) into a basic school in 1955-56.

Expenditure.—The subjoined statement shows the expenditure incurred on converting these schools and the share borne by the State and Central Government respectively :—

Year.	Total expenditure.	Share of State Government.	Share of Central Government.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1952–53	.....	.....	.....
1953–54	850	.....	850
1954–55	3,960	.....	3,960
1955–56	5,000	.....	5,000

An additional amount of Rs. 3,000 over and above for the provision of last year has been asked for since the Basic craft will be introduced in progressive stages. An expenditure of Rs. 8,000 is proposed to be incurred on the scheme during 1956-57.

Percentage of expenditure to be met by the Central Government.—The entire expenditure is to be met by the Central Government for the reasons given in the covering letter.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

Is any part of the expenditure being met from any other Central Grant—Nil.

Area of application.—Sholapur, Hubli, Gadag and Dharwar.

Executive Authority.—The Director of Education and District School Boards.

Any other justification for the expenditure.—This is a sanctioned scheme which is proposed to be continued during 1956-57 with the only addition that further basic crafts will be introduced in progressive stages.

Section A.—Existing sanctioned schemes not included in the Plan.

3. Free supply of books and slates for Vimukta Jatis pupils in primary Schools.

Estimated cost during 1956-57 :

Recurrent	...	Rs. 45,000	Non-recurrent	.. Rs.	*Nil.*
Total	...	,, 45,000			

Brief Explanatory Note.—The Government of Bombay is supplying free books and slates to indigent pupils in Primary Schools roughly at a cost of Rs. 2 per pupil. Owing to the limited amounts available for the purpose, a number of indigent pupils are not able to receive free books and slates.

The number of pupils belonging to Vimukta Jatis in Primary Schools is roughly 23,000. With the constitution of Primary schools Panchayats and with the strict enforcement of compulsion, this number is expected to increase greatly in 1956-57. The bulk of pupils belonging to Vimukta Jatis come from the poor strata of Society and are not able to purchase books and slates. It is, therefore, proposed to supply all indigent pupils belonging to the Vimukta Jatis free books and slates. During 1955-56, a grant of Rs. 45,000 was sanctioned for this Scheme. Expenditure to that extent is treated as committed expenditure and included in the normal budget. Additional expenditure over and above Rs. 45,000 to meet the increasing demand is included in the Second Five-Year Plan and is, therefore, shown under Section B.

Expenditure.—The sub-joined statement shows the expenditure incurred on the scheme and the cost borne by the State and Central Government respectively :—

Year.	Total expenditure.	State Share.	Central Share.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1953–54	20,552	.....	22,160
1954–55	31,000 (Grants paid to School Boards).	.....	31,000
1955–56	45,000 (Estimated.)	.....	45,000

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

It is proposed to incur an expenditure of Rs. 45,000 for the purpose during 1956-57.

Percentage of the expenditure to be met by the Central Government.—The entire expenditure on the scheme is to be borne by the Government of India. The reasons for this are explained in the covering letter.

Is any part of the expenditure met from any other Central Grant.—Nil.

Why is it not possible to met the expenditure solely or partly from the State Funds.—The reasons have been fully explained in the covering letter.

Area of application.—The whole of Bombay State.

Executive Authority.—The Director of Education and District School Boards.

Any other reasons justifying the expenditure.—This is an existing sanctioned scheme which is proposed to be continued during 1956-57, without any modifications.

Section A—Existing aided schemes not included in the Plan.

4. Provision of hostel facilities to pupils belonging to the Vimukta Jatis.

Estimated cost during 1956-57 :

Recurrent	...	Rs.	66,680	Non-recurrent	...	Rs. Nil.
Total	...	,,	66,680.			

Brief explanatory note.—For the educational advancement of the Vimukta Jatis, it is necessary to provide adequate hostel facilities to pupils belonging to these tribes. The scheme is divided into 2 parts :—

(*a*) Maintenance of hostels for Vimukta Jatis pupils through voluntary agencies or District School Boards ; and

(*b*) Payment of grant to voluntary agencies for admitting more Vimukta Jatis pupils to their existing Backward Class hostels.

Under the first part, 7 hostels have so far been opened for Vimukta Jatis pupils as shown below :—

Year.		Place.	No. of inmates.	Agency.
1953-54	1.	Ahmedabad	30	Voluntary agency.
	2.	Ambernath (Dist. Thana) ...	30	Do.
	3.	Dondaicha (Dist. West Khandesh).	30	Do.
	4.	Indi (Dist. Bijapur) ...	30	District Local Board.
1954-55	5.	Khanapur (Dist. Belgaum) ...	30	Do.
	6.	Malegaon (Dist. Nasik) ...	30	Voluntary Agency.
	7.	Sholapur	60 (girls)	Do.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

Owing to trade depression and famine conditions, the voluntary agencies are not able to collect donations to meet their share of the cost. It is, therefore, decided to pay them grant on full cost basis. i. e. at Rs. 20 per month per inmate. It is proposed to continue these hostels during 1956-57.

The Backward Class Board was of opinion that it was not a very sound policy to segregate Vimukta Jati pupils into exclusive hostels meant for such pupils. The Board was also of the opinion that the benefit of the above 7 hostels would not be available to a very large number of Vimukta Jatis pupils in rural areas who may not find it convenient to join such hostels. To encourage mixed hostels and to induce the voluntary agencies to admit more Vimukta Jati pupils in their existing Backward Class hostels, Government decided to pay them grant at a special rate of Rs. 20 per month for Vimukta Jati pupils admitted to such hostels. This proposal forms the second part of the scheme. It is proposed to continue grant at the special rate of Rs. 20 per month per pupil during 1956-57.

A provision of Rs. 66,680 based on the existing basis is proposed under this section. As this is a sanctioned scheme the provision of Rs. 66,680 is treated as committed expenditure and has not been included in the Second Five-Year Plan. A provision for additional expenditure on account of grants to Backward Class hostels for admitting more Vimukta Jatis pupils has been included in the Second Five-Year Plan and it has been shown under Section B.

Expenditure.—The sub-joined statement shows the expenditure incurred on the scheme and the share of the State and Central Government.

Year.	Total expenditure.	Share of the State Government.	Share of the Central Government.
	Rs.		Rs.
1953–54	16,978	.....	16,978
1954–55	69,702	.....	69,702
1955–56	88,080 (estimated).	.....	88,080 (estimated.)

A provision of Rs. 66,680 is made in 1956-57 for this scheme under this section.

Percentage of expenditure met by the Central Government .—The entire expenditure on the scheme is to be met from the Central grant for the reasons given in the covering letter.

Is any part of the expenditure met from any other Central grant.—No.

Area of application.—The whole of Bombay State.

Why is it not possible to meet the expenditure solely or partly from the Government of India grant.—The reasons have been fully explained in the covering letter.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

Executive Authority.—The Director of Backward Class Welfare, the District School Boards and voluntary agencies.

Any other reasons justifying the expenditure.—This is an existing sanctioned scheme which is proposed to be continued during 1956-57 without any modifications.

Section A—Existing sanctioned schemes not included in the Plan.

4. (c) Ad hoc grant to the hostels at Bochasan and Bhiloda and Waghri Boarding House at Dholka.

Estimated cost during 1956-57 :

Recurrent	... Rs. 21,400	Non-recurrent	... Rs. *Nil.*
Total	... ,, 21,400		

Brief explanatory note.—The Hostel for girls at Bhiloda and Hostel at Bochasan were sanctioned a grant of Rs. 5,000 each on *ad hoc* basis during 1955-56. Similarly the Waghri Boarding House, Dholka, district Ahmedabad, was sanctioned a grant of Rs. 11,400 during 1955-56. It is proposed to assist these three institutions on the same basis during the year 1956-57. The expenditure is treated as committed expenditure and has not, therefore, been included in the plan section.

Expenditure.—During 1955-56 the Government of India had sanctioned a grant of Rs. 21,400 for grants-in-aid to the three institutions mentioned above. Grants will be paid at the same rate during 1956-57. The expenditure during 1956-57 will, therefore, be Rs. 21,400.

Percentage of expenditure from the Central grant.—The entire expenditure on the scheme is to be met from the Central grant for the reasons given in the covering letter.

Is any part of the expenditure met from any other Central grant.—No.

Area of application.—Districts of Kaira and Ahmedabad.

Executive Authority.—The Director of Backward Class Welfare and Voluntary Agencies.

Any other justification for the expenditure.—This is a sanctioned scheme which is proposed to be continued during 1956-57 without any modification.

5. Additional sets of scholarship for Vimukta Jatis pupils in primary schools.

Estimated cost :

Recurrent	... Rs. 10,000	Non-recurrent	... Rs. *Nil.*
Total	... ,, 10,000.		

Brief explanatory note.—Due to extreme poverty, the Vimochit Jatis find it difficult to meet the expenses on education of their children in primary schools. Attendance of pupils from these communities is therefore unsatisfactory. In order to provide incentive to pupils belonging to Vimochit Jatis to continue their studies in higher standards of primary schools, Government has sanctioned

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

Section A—Existing aided scheme not included in the Plan.

COTTAGE INDUSTRIES.

1. Financial assistance to multi-purpose societies of Vimukta Jatis.

Estimated cost during 1956-57 :

Recurrent	... Rs.	*Nil.*	Non-recurrent	... Rs.	10,000
Total	... ,,	10,000			

Brief explanatory note.—The scheme aims at the organisation of 3 or more Multi-Purpose Societies for Vimukta Jatis in the State during 1956-57 and grant of necessary financial assistance to these societies for 3 years to put them on a sound footing. Under the scheme financial assistance is also proposed to be given to the Societies started till 31st March 1956. All such societies, the old ones and those that will be started in 1956-57 will get financial assistance to the extent of Rs. 10,000. No subsidy towards contribution to Reserve Fund has been proposed in the case of existing societies since this assistance was already given to them in the past years.

Expenditure.—The sub-joined statement shows the expenditure on the scheme and the share of the State and Central Governments :—

Year.	Total expenditure.	Share of Bombay Government.	Share of Central grant.
	Rs.		Rs.
1953-54	9,500	*Nil.*	9,500
1954-55	9,000	*Nil.*	9,000
1955-56	10,000 (Estimated).	*Nil.*	10,000 (Estimated).

An expenditure of Rs. 10,000 is proposed to be incurred during 1956-57.

Percentage of expenditure to be met from the Central grant.—The entire expenditure on the scheme is to be met from the Central Grant for the reasons given in the covering letter.

Is any part of the expenditure met from any other Central Grant.—No.

Why is it not possible to meet the expenditure solely or partly from the State Funds.—The reasons have been fully explained in the covering letter.

Area of application.—The whole of the Bombay State.

Executive Authority.—The Registrar of Co-operative Societies.

Any other reasons justifying the expenditure.—This is an existing sanctioned scheme, which is proposed to be continued during the year 1956-57 without any modifications.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

one hundred sepecial sets of scholarships exclusively for the pupils belonging to Vimochit Jatis. Each set consists of three scholarships each of the value of Rs. 3, Rs. 3, and Rs. 4 per mensem for Standards V, VI, and VII respectively. The scholarships are awarded by the Educational Inspectors of the Districts. In case the number of eligible pupils in a district exceeds the number of scholarships allotted to that district the scholarships are awarded on merits determined by the total number of marks obtained in the preceding examination. In addition to one hundred sets it is proposed to sanction some additional sets of scholarships for pupils belong to Vimochit Jatis as the normal expansion of the existing scheme in the second Five Year Plan since the number of Vimochit Jatis pupils is likely to increase.

The expenditure on account of 100 sets of scholarship is treated as committed expenditure and is not included in the Second Five Year Plan. A provision of Rs. 10,000 is, therefore made under this section during 1956–57. Provision on account of the additional sets of scholarships is shown in section ' B '.

Expenditure.—The sub-joined statement shows the expenditure on the scheme and the share of the State and Central Governments :—

Year.	Total expenditure.	Share of State Government.	Share of Central Government.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1954–55	7,572	*Nil.*	7,572
1955–56	10,000 (estimated).	*Nil.*	10,000

It is proposed to continue the scheme in 1956–57. The expenditure on the scheme during the next year will be Rs. 10,000.

Percentage of expenditure to be met by the Central Government.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the Central Funds. Reasons for this have been explained in the covering letter.

Is any part of the expenditure met from any other Central Grant.—No.

Area of application.—The whole of Bombay State.

Executive Authority.—The Director of Education.

Any other justification for the expenditure.—This is a sanctioned scheme which is proposed to be continued during 1956–57 without any modification.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

2. Maintenance of Five Industrial Training Centres for Vimukta Jatis.

Estimated cost :

Recurrent	... Rs.	1,75,000	Non-recurrent	... Rs.	*Nil.*
Total	... ,,	1,75,000			

Brief explanatory note.—In order to provide training facilities to the members of the Vimukta Jatis to enable them to settle in Cottage Industries Government has sanctioned a scheme under which training centres have been organised at the following places in the crafts mentioned against them :—

1. Ahmedabad—Carpentry and Smithy, Tailoring.
2. Sholapur—Carpentry and Smithy, Rope-making, Tailoring.
3. Hubli—Carpentry and Smithy, Cane and Bamboo, Tailoring.
4. Gadag—Carpentry and Smithy, Tailoring.
5. Bijapur—Carpentry and Smithy, Tailoring.

Twenty trainees are admitted for training in each of the crafts except in the case of rope-making where there are 12 students in each batch. The duration of the training course is 1½ years in Carpentry and Smithy, 1 year in Tailoring and Cane and Bamboo work and 4 months in rope-making. Rs. 25 p. m. are being paid as stipends to each of the trainees subject to regular attendance and satisfactory progress.

2. The training centres have already started functioning and are running smoothly. The following statement shows the number of Vimukta Jatis trained up to 31st December 1955 and under training at present : —

Location.	Name of the Class.	Vimukta Jatis Trained up to 31st December 1955.	Vimukta Jatis under training as on 1st January 1956.
Ahmedabad ...	Carpentry and Smithy	20	10
	Tailoring	18	20
Sholapur ...	Carpentry and Smithy	.....	20
	Tailoring	20	20
	Rope-making	24	12
Hubli ...	Carpentry and Smithy	.....	20
	Tailoring	19	20
	Cane and Bamboo	10	20
Gadag ...	Carpentry and Smithy	.....	16
	Tailoring	20	17
Bijapur ...	Carpentry and Smithy	.....	20
	Tailoring	20	20
		151	215

The general progress of the centres is satisfactory.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

This is treated as a committed expenditure and has not been included in the Second Five-Year Plan. A provision of Rs. 1,75,000 has, therefore, been made in this section. The details of estimated expenditure involved continuance of the scheme during the year 1956-57 are given below :—

Expenditure.

	Rs.	Rs.
Recurring—		
(*a*) *Pay of staff*		35,787
(*i*) 5 Instructors in Carpentry and Smithy in the grade of Rs. 100—5—150.		
(*ii*) 5 Assistant Instructors in Carpentry and Smithy in the grade of Rs. 72—4—100.		
(*iii*) 5 Hammerman in the grade of Rs. 40—2—60.		
(*iv*) 5 Instructors in Tailoring in the grade of Rs. 72—4—100.		
(*v*) 5 Assistant Instructors in the grade of Rs. 50—3—80—4—100.		
(*vi*) One Inspector in the Cane and Bamboo Work in the grade of Rs. 52—3—85—4—125—5—130.		
(*vii*) One Assistant Inspector in the grade of Rs. 40—1—50—2—70.		
(*viii*) One Instructor in the Rope Making in the grade of Rs. 70—3—85.		
(*ix*) One District Officer for Industrial Co-operatives and Village Industries in the grade of Rs. 200—10—300.		
(*x*) Five Junior Clerks in the grade of Rs. 55—3—85—4—125—3—130.		
(*xi*) Six peons (Five for Centres and one attached to the District Officer) in the grade of Rs. 30—½—35.		
(*xii*) Five Watchmen in the grade of Rs. 30—½—35.		
	Rs.	
(*b*) *Allowance and Honoraria—*		
(*i*) Dearness Allowance	22,440	
(*ii*) Travelling Allowance	3,600	
(*iii*) House Rent Allowance at Ahmedabad and Poona.	1,056	
(*iv*) Compensatory and Local Allowance at Poona and Ahmedabad.	528	
(*v*) Supervisory Allowance to the Senior-most Instructor at the Centre for being responsible for the whole centre at Rs. 20 p. m. each.	1,200	
	———	28,8

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

	Rs.	Rs.
(*c*) *Contingencies*—		
(*i*) Rent, Rates and Taxes	1,000	
(*ii*) Repairs, renewals, replacement, new tools and equipment.	5,000	
(*iii*) Raw materials—		
Carpentry and Smithy	15,000	
Tailoring	15,000	
Cane and Bamboo	2,000	
Rope making	1,500	
(*iv*) Stationery, Postage, Sweeping charges and other contingent expenditure.	1,500	
		41,000
(*d*) Scholarships at Rs. 25 p. m. for twenty students in Carpentry and Smithy, Tailoring, Cane and Bamboo for twelve months each and thirty-six students for four months in Rope making.		69,600
Total recurring ...		1,75,211
Non-recurring ...		*Nil.*
Estimate Receipts ...		25,000

Expenditure.—The following statement shows the expenditure on the scheme and the share of the State Government and the Central Government :—

Year.	Total expenditure.	Share of State Government.	Share of Central Government.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1952–53	*Nil.*	*Nil.*	*Nil.*
1953–54	*Nil.*	*Nil.*	80,000
1954–55	95,524	*Nil.*	1,00,000
1955–56	1,42,040 (Estimated).	*Nil.*	1,00,000 (Estimated).

The expenditure during 1956–57 will be Rs. 1,75,211.

Percentage of the expenditure met from the Central Government.—The entire expenditure on the scheme is to be met from the Central Grant for the reasons given in the covering letter.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

Is any part of the expenditure met from any other Central Government.—*No.*

Why is it not possible to meet the expenditure solely or partly from the State funds.—The reasons have been fully explained in the covering letter.

Area of application.—The whole of Bombay State.

Executive Authority.—Joint Registrar for Industrial Co-operatives and Village Industries, Poona.

Any other reason justifying the expenditure.—This is a sanctioned scheme and is proposed to be continued during 1956-57 without any modification.

3. Organisation of a training class in wool carding and wool spinning for Vimukta Jatis ladies at Bijapur

Estimated cost :

Recurrent	...	Rs. 8,000	Non-recurrent	...	Rs. 2,000
Total	...	,, 10,000			

Brief explanatory note.—It is proposed to organise at training class in wool carding and spinning for the ladies of the Vimukta Jatis at Bijapur. 12 women will be admitted in each batch for training with the benefit of stipends at Rs. 25 per month. The duration of the course will be of six months for the each batch. This scheme was intended to be undertaken in 1955-56 but as the Government of India sanction to the scheme was received in February 1956, the scheme could not be undertaken during that year. It will however be implemented during 1956–57 and a provision of Rs. 10,000 is made on account of this scheme in 1956–57. The expenditure is treated as committed expenditure and as such it has not been provided in the 2nd Five Year Plan. The details of the estimated expenditure during 1956–57 are as follows :—

Non-recurring—

1. (*a*) *Tool and equipment*—		Rs.		
(*i*) One carding machine	...	800		
(*ii*) 15 spinning wheels at Rs. 45 per wheel.	...	675		
(*iii*) 15 carding brushes at Rs. 7 each	...	105		
				1,580
(*b*) *Furniture*—				
(*i*) One table	...	50		
(*ii*) Two chairs	...	24		
(*iii*) One steel trunk	...	25		
(*iv*) Twelve stools	...	120		
(*v*) One rack	..	20		239
				1,819

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

Recurring—

		Rs.
(*a*) *Pay of the staff—*		
(*i*) One assistant Instructor at Rs. 50 p.m. in the grade of Rs. 50—2—60.		600
(*ii*) Dearness Allowance	...	420
(*iii*) Travelling Allowance	...	50
		1,070
(*b*) *Contingencies—*		
(*i*) Raw materials	...	3,400
(*ii*) Repairs and renewals	...	50
(*iii*) Stationery, postage and other contingencies.		100
(*iv*) Stipends at Rs. 25 per mensem for 12 trainees at a time for a duration of 6 months for the two batches in a year.	... ...	3,600
		8,220
Summary of estimates—		
(*i*) Non-recurring	...	1,819
(*ii*) Recurring	...	8,220
		10,039

Expenditure.—As this is a new Scheme to be implemented for the first time during 1956–57, no expenditure thereon was incurred during the previous years.

Percentage of expenditure to be met from the Central Grant.—The entire expenditure on the Scheme is to be met from the Central grant for the reasons given in the covering letter.

Is any part of the expenditure being met from any other Central Grant.—No.

Why is it not possible to meet the expenditure partly or wholly from the State Funds.—Detailed reasons have been given in the covering letter.

Area of application.—Bijapur District.

Executive Authority.—The Joint Registrar for Industrial Co-operatives and Village Industries.

Any other reasons justifying the expenditure.—This is a sanctioned scheme and will be implemented without any modification in 1956–57.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

AID TO VOLUNTARY AGENCIES.

1. Appointment of propaganda workers for the welfare of Vimukta Jatis.

Estimated cost during 1956-57 :

Recurrent	... Rs.	13,500	Non-recurrent	... Rs.	*Nil.*
Total	... ,,	13,500			

Brief explanatory note.—In order to enable the voluntary agencies to intensify their activities for the welfare of the Vimukta Jatis, it was decided to allow them to appoint 9 field workers for carrying on propaganda work among these communities. Generally 3 workers are allotted to each of the linguistic regions of Karnataka, Maharashtra and Gujarat. The voluntary agencies have expressed their inability to share their part on the cost on account of the emoluments of these workers. It is therefore decided to pay them grants on full cost basis for the present. Each field worker gets a fixed pay of Rs. 80 per month inclusive of Dearness Allowance and Rs. 45 as Travelling expenses. The Scheme has been put into operation since 1953-54.

In all 9 propaganda workers were appointed during 1955-56. It is proposed to continue the scheme during 1956-57 and a provision of Rs. 13,500 has been made in 1956-57 on that account. The expenditure is treated as a committed expenditure and it has not therefore been included in the 2nd Five Year Plan.

Expenditure.—The sub-joined table shows the expenditure incurred on the scheme and the share of the State and Central Governments respectively :—

Year.	Total expenditure.	Share of State Government.	Share of Central Government.
	Rs.	Rs	Rs.
1953-54 ...	1,817	*Nil.*	2,500
1954-55 ...	8,459	.....	14,000
1955-56 ...	11,240	.....	13,500

The estimated expenditure 1956-57 is Rs. 13,500.

The percentage of Expenditure to be met from the Central Government.—The entire expenditure on the scheme is to be met from the Central Government for the reasons given in the covering letter.

Is any part of the expenditure being met from any other Central Grant—Nil.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

Why is it not possible to meet the expenditure partly or wholly from the State funds.—Detailed reasons have been given in the covering letter.

Area of application.—The whole State of Bombay.

The Executive Authority.—The Director, Backward Class Welfare and voluntary Agencies.

Any other reasons justifying the expenditure.—This is a sanctioned scheme and is proposed to be continued during 1956-57 without any modifications.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Discretionary grant with the Director, Backword Class Welfare for the supply of clothes to deserving Vimukta Jatis pupils—

Estimated cost during 1956-57 :

Recurrent	...	Rs.	10,000	Non-recurrent	...	Rs. *Nil.*
Total	...	,,	10,000			

Brief explanatory note.— The Vimukta Jatis are economically poor. The children go to school half naked. It is, therefore, considered desirable to supply clothing to deserving Vimukta Jatis pupils attending primary schools, free of cost. Clothes costing not more than Rs. 5 per individual Boy or Girl will be supplied free annually. It is proposed to supply free clothing to about 2,000 deserving pupils of these tribes. The clothes will be supplied by the Director of Backward Class Welfare in his discretion on the recommendation of the Educational Inspector or the Administrative Officer of the District School Board concerned.

During 1955-56 an amount of Rs. 10,000 was sanctioned for this scheme. The expenditure to that extent is therefore treated as committed expenditure and has not been shown in the 2nd Five Year Plan. A provision of Rs. 10,000 is accordingly made under this Section. As this provision is found to be inadequate due to increasing number of Vimukta Jatis pupils an additional amount of Rs. 6,000 has been included in the 2nd Five-Year Plan, and is shown in Section B.

Expenditure—

Year.		Total expenditure.	Share of State Government.	Share of Central Government.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1953-54	...	*Nil.*	*Nil.*	*Nil.*
1954-55	...	10,000	*Nil.*	10,000
1955-56	...	10,000	*Nil.*	10,000

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

The estimated expenditure during 1956–57 is Rs. 10,000.

Percentage of expenditure to be met from the Central grant.—The entire expenditure on the Scheme is to be met from the Central grant for the reasons given in the covering letter.

Is any part of the expenditure being met from any other Central grant.—No.

Why is it not possible to meet the expenditure partly or wholly from the State funds.—Detailed reasons have been given in the covering letter.

Area of application.—The whole of Bombay State.

Executive Authority.—The Director of Backward Class Welfare, Poona.

Any other reason justifying this expenditure.—This is a sanctioned scheme and is intended to be continued without modifications during 1956–57.

2. Grant of legal aid to Vimukta Jatis in Civil and Criminal proceedings.

Estimated cost during 1956–57 :

Recurrent	...	Rs. 13,000	Non-recurrent	...	Rs.	*Nil.*
Total	...	,, 13,000				

Brief explanatory note.—Due to poverty and ignorance the Vimukta Jatis find it difficult to defend themselves in their Civil or Criminal proceedings. During the last two years, Government has therefore sanctioned a scheme for grant of free legal aid to Vimukta Jatis in civil and criminal proceedings instituted by against them. During 1955–56, a grant of Rs. 25,000 was sanctioned. The scheme has been implemented as an experimental measure in the districts of Ahmednagar, Poona, West Khandesh, Kolhapur and Ahmedabad, where large number of persons belonging to Vimukta Jatis are found to reside. The amount provided for the scheme is to be distributed among the Collectors of the districts concerned who render legal aid to the Vimukta Jatis through the District Government Pleaders or the Police Prosecutors. The expenditure on account of the scheme is treated as committed and the scheme is proposed to be continued during 1956–57. The scheme was not sufficiently known to these communities. Consequently expenditure in the past two years was not substantial. During 1956-57, therefore, a reduced provision of Rs. 13,000 has been made in 1956–57.

Expenditure.—The scheme was started for the first time in 1954–55 and a grant of Rs. 25,000 has been sanctioned for the scheme during 1955–56. The estimated expenditure during 1955-56 may however be less than Rs. 25,000. The provision in 1956–57, is therefore reduced to Rs. 13,000 only.

Percentage of expenditure to be met from the Central grant.—The entire expenditure on the scheme is to be met from the Central grant for the reasons explained in the covering letter.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

Is any part of the expenditure being met from any other Central Grant.—No.

Why is it not possible to meet the expenditure partly or wholly form the State Funds.—Detailed reasons have been given in the covering letter.

Area of application.—The whole of Bombay State.

Executive Authority.—The Legal Department.

Any other reasons justifying the expenditure.—This is a sanctioned scheme and it is proposed to be continued without any modification.

Section B—Schemes included in the Plan.

EDUCATION.

1. Development of Ashram Schools for Vimukta Jati pupils.

Estimated cost :

Recurrent	...	Rs. *Nil.*	Non-recurring	...	Rs. 2,30,000.
Total	...	,, 2,30,000			

Brief explanatory note.—There are at present 5 Ashram Schools *cum*-Sanskar Kendras for Vimukta Jatis at the following places :—

(1) Sholapur, (2) Bagalkot, (3) Hubli, (4) Erandol, (5) Naroda.

Two more such institutions were sanctioned at Kolhapur and Mundhava in 1954-55 but due to administrative difficulties they were not opened so far. They are proposed to be started in 1956-57.

At present both the Ashram School and Sanskar Kendra are housed under the same roof. The main object of an Ashram School is to take away the children from their parents and rear them up in the dignified atmosphere of an Ashram. The Ashram School for Vimukta Jati pupils must therefore necessarily be away from the Vimukta Jati locality. It is therefore proposed to split the Ashram School-*cum*-Sanskar Kendra into 2 institutions—The Ashram School which would be located away from Vimukta Jati locally and the Sanskar Kendra which would be located in the midst of the Vimukta Jati locality.

In the present scheme, there is no provision for admission of additional pupils every year to the Ashram. In the absence of such provision the Ashram Schools will degenerate into Static institutions. It is therefore proposed to develop these schools on the same lines as those for Scheduled Tribes. There is good justification for this. The main idea underlying an Ashram School is to wean away the Vimukta Jati pupils from the unwholesome influence of their parents. Again the Ashram Schools are meant to produce from

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

among the Ashramites persons who will take work as leaders and teachers for the Vimukta Jatis. Again a vast majority of Vimukta Jatis are agriculturists. Ashram Schools for Vimukta Jatis are therefore as necessary as they are for the Scheduled Tribes. These reasons have been communicated to the Government of India under Demi-official letters No. MBC 2156/9371-E, dated the 25th February 1956.

While the Sanskar Kendras will continue as they are, the Ashram Schools will have to be shifted away from the existing localities. During the current year, the Voluntary Agencies maintaining these institutions will be given grant for land, building and other non recurring items as shown below :—

	Rs.
(1) Non-recurring grant for School Section—	
(*a*) Furniture	375
(*b*) Game	100
	475
(2) Non-recurring grant for Ashram Section—	
(*a*) Utensils	500
(*b*) Clothing and bidding at Rs. 15 per inmate ...	450
	950
(3) Buildings, land and other equipments—	
(1) Buildings for 60 pupils	25,000
(2) Land measuring 60 acres	5,000
(3) Agricultural implements	1,000
(4) Bullock Cart	500
(5) Purchase of 2 bullocks	600
(6) Purchase of 2 cows	600
(7) Seeds and manure	100
(8) Construction of cowshed for 4 cows	1,000
(9) Latrines, Urinals etc. for 60 pupils	300
(10) Equpiment for craft teaching for 60 pupils	600
	34,700
Total ...	36,125
Cost for 7 Ashram Schools	2,52,875

The entire expenditure may not be incurred during 1956-57. Therefore a provision of Rs. 2,30,000 has been made.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

From 1957-58 onwards additional pupils will be admitted to the Ashram Schools.

Location—

(1) Sholapur District.
(2) Bijapur District.
(3) Dharwar District.
(4) West KhandeshDistrict.
(5) Ahmedabad District.
(6) Poona District.
(7) Kolhapur District.

Physical targets.—Development of 7 Ashrams Schools in the Districts of Sholapur, Bijapur, Dharwar, West Khandesh, Ahmedabad, Poona and Kolhapur.

Financial targets.—The following targets are as under :—

Year.	Recurring cost.	Non-recurring cost.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1956-57 ...	.....	2,52,875	2,52,875
1957-58 ...	19,544	14,875	34,419
1958-59 ...	54,054	2,47,450	3,01,504
1959-60 ...	73,654	24,150	97,804
1960-61 ...	1,19,378	20,300	1,39,678
	2,66,630	5,59,650	8,26,280

Percentage of expenditure to be met by the Central Grant.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the Central grant. Reasons for this have been explained in the covering letter.

2. Free supply of books and slates to Vimukta Jatis pupils.

Estimated cost during 1956-57 :

Recurrent ... Rs. 7,500 Non-recurrent ... Rs.*Nil*.

Total ,, 7,500.

Brief explanatory notes.—During 1955-56 a provision of Rs. 45,000 was made for free supply of books and slates to Vimukta Jati pupils. The provision has been repeated under section A. The cost of books and slates per pupil comes to Rs. 2. In 1955-56 the number of Vimukta Jatis pupils in primary schools was about 22,500. As a result of compulsion and also of pursuasive measures, the number of Vimukta Jatis pupils in Primary School is expected to increase by about 3,500 during 1956-57 and by about 15,000

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

in the five years of the Plan. For this increase a provision of Rs. 97,500 has been made in the Second Five-Year Plan, and a provision of Rs. 7,500 is made in the year 1956–57.

Location.—The whole State of Bombay.

Physical target.—For supply of free books and slates to (*i*) 3750 Vimukta Jati pupils during 1956–57 and (*ii*) 15,000 pupils during the Second Five Year Plan period.

Financial targets.—A total proivison of Rs. 97,500 is made in the Second Five Year Plan. During 1956–57 an expenditure of Rs. 7,500 is estimated.

Percentage of expenditure to be met by the Central Grant.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the central grant. Reasons for this are explained in the covering letter.

3. Additional sets of scholarship to Vimukta Jati pupils in primary Schools.

Estimated cost during 1956–57 :

Recurrent	... Rs. 500	Non-recurrent—Rs. *Nil.*	
Total	... ,, 500.		

Brief explanatory note.—A provision of Rs. 10,000 has been made in 1956–57 in the normal budget shown in section A for continuance of existing 100 sets of special scholarship for Vimukta Jati pupils in upper standards in Primary Schools. The number of Vimukta Jati pupils is, however, likely to increase because of the general awakening among the Vimukta Jatis. It is therefore proposed to institute five additional sets of special scholarships for Vimukta Jatis pupils reading in higher standards of primary schools every year during the Second Five Year Plan. In 1956–57 a provision of Rs. 500 is made on account of five additional sets of scholarships.

Location.—The entire State of Bombay.

Physical targets.—To institute five sets of scholarships for Vimukta Jati pupils in the primary schools during every year in the Second Five-Year Plan.

Financial targets.—A total provision of Rs. 7,500 is made in the Second Five Year Plan and a sum of Rs. 500 is provided during 1956–57 on account of this scheme.

Percentage of expenditure to be met by the Central Grant.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the central grant. Reasons for this have been explained in the covering letter.

4. Opening of additional Ashram Schools for Vimukta Jati pupils.

Estimated cost during 1956–57 :

Recurrent	... Rs. 9,055	Non-recurrent	... Rs. 36,125
Total	... ,, 45,180		

Brief explanatory note.—The Ashram School Scheme for Scheduled Tribes has been very popular. The problem of education of Vimochit Jati can best be solved by starting Ashram Schools for their children were they can be

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

in the five years of the Plan. For this increase a provision of Rs. 97,500 has been made in the Second Five-Year Plan, and a provision of Rs. 7,500 is made in the year 1956-57.

Location.—The whole State of Bombay.

Physical target.—For supply of free books and slates to (*i*) 3750 Vimukta Jati pupils during 1956-57 and (*ii*) 15,000 pupils during the Second Five Year Plan period.

Financial targets.—A total proivison of Rs. 97,500 is made in the Second Five Year Plan. During 1956-57 an expenditure of Rs. 7,500 is estimated.

Percentage of expenditure to be met by the Central Grant.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the central grant. Reasons for this are explained in the covering letter.

3. Additional sets of scholarship to Vimukta Jati pupils in primary Schools.

Estimated cost during 1956-57 :

Recurrent	... Rs. 500	Non-recurrent—Rs. *Nil.*	
Total	... ,, 500.		

Brief explanatory note.—A provision of Rs. 10,000 has been made in 1956-57 in the normal budget shown in section A for continuance of existing 100 sets of special scholarship for Vimukta Jati pupils in upper standards in Primary Schools. The number of Vimukta Jati pupils is, however, likely to increase because of the general awakening among the Vimukta Jatis. It is therefore proposed to institute five additional sets of special scholarships for Vimukta Jatis pupils reading in higher standards of primary schools every year during the Second Five Year Plan. In 1956-57 a provision of Rs. 500 is made on account of five additional sets of scholarships.

Location.—The entire State of Bombay.

Physical targets.—To institute five sets of scholarships for Vimukta Jati pupils in the primary schools during every year in the Second Five-Year Plan.

Financial targets.—A total provision of Rs. 7,500 is made in the Second Five Year Plan and a sum of Rs. 500 is provided during 1956-57 on account of this scheme.

Percentage of expenditure to be met by the Central Grant.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the central grant. Reasons for this have been explained in the covering letter.

4. Opening of additional Ashram Schools for Vimukta Jati pupils.

Estimated cost during 1956-57 :

Recurrent	... Rs. 9,055	Non-recurrent	... Rs. 36,125
Total	... ,, 45,180		

Brief explanatory note.—The Ashram School Scheme for Scheduled Tribes has been very popular. The problem of education of Vimochit Jati can best be solved by starting Ashram Schools for their children were they can be

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

B. *Hostel Section.*

	Maximum admissible expenditure for 12 months for grant-in-aid purpose.
	Rs.
Recurrent—	
1. Allowances to the Superintendent at Rs. 10 per month.	120
2. Pay of cook at Rs. 30 per month	360
3. Pay of kitchen servant at Rs. 25 per month ...	300
4. Pay of Kamathi at Rs. 25 per month	300
5. Dearness allowance to Kamathi at Rs. 35 per month.	420
6. Rent of the building at Rs. 40 per month till the buildings are constructed.	480
7. Contingencies	360
8. Stipends to boarders at Rs. 15 per month per pupil for 11 months.	4,950
9. Medical facilities at Rs. 2 per pupil per annum ...	60
Total, recurrent ...	7,350
Non-recurrent—	
1. Utensils for the hostel	500
2. Clothing and bedding at Rs. 15 per inmate ...	450
Total ...	950
Total, Section B ...	8,300

C. *Building, Land and other equipment.*

Non-recurrent—	
1. Buildings for the Ashram of 60 pupils	25,000
2. Purchase of land admeasuring 10 acres for the Ashram.	5,000
3. Agricultural implements	1,000
4. Bullock cart	500
5. Purchase of two bullocks	600
6. Purchase of two cows	600
7. Seeds and manures	100
8. Construction of cow sheds for four cows	1,000
9. Construction of latrines, urinals, etc., for 60 pupils ...	300
10. Equipment for craft teaching for 60 pupils ...	600
Total ...	34,700
Grand Total ...	45,180
Recurrent ...	9,055
Non-recurrent ...	36,125

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

provided with free lodging, boarding and intensive Basic Education for the full primary course under constant supervision and guidance of able teachers. Seven Ashram School-cum-Sanskar Kendras have already been sanctioned and they will continue to be maintained during the 2nd Plan Period. In order to speed up the progress of education among the Vimukta Jatis it is proposed to open 3 more Ashram schools for the children of the Vimukta Jatis during the 2nd Five-Year Plan Period. The 1st Ashram School will be opened during the 1956-57, the second in the 2nd year of the Plan period and the third in the 4th year. These Ashram Schools will be organised on the lines of Ashram Schools for Scheduled Tribes and will be opened by Voluntary Agencies on grant-in-aid basis near places where Vimukta Jatis population is concentrated. The actual location of the school will, however, be away from Vimukta Jati localities so that the pupils may not come under the influence of their parents or surroundings. The cost of an Ashram School is estimated at Rs.45,180 (Rs. 9,055 recurring *plus* Rs. 36,125 non-recurring). It is therefore proposed to provide a sum of Rs. 45,180 in the budget for the year 1956-57. The details of expenditure on an Ashram School are as follows :—

A. *School Section.*

	Maximum admissible expenditure for 12 months for grant-in-aid purpose.
Recurrent —	Rs.
1. Pay of one teacher in the scale of Rs. 40—1—50—3/2—65—5/2—90.	732
2. Dearness allowance to teacher	420
2(*a*). Leave Salary contribution	92
3. Contribution to the Provident Fund	46
4. Bad climate allowance to teachers (if admissible in the area).	120
5. Contingencies	60
6. Rent for building at Rs. 10 per month till the buildings are completed.	120
7. Miscellaneous expenditure	15
8. Library	100
	1,705
Non-recurrent—	
1. Furniture, equipment, etc.	375
2. Game	100
	475
Total, Section A ...	2,180

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

provided with free lodging, boarding and intensive Basic Education for the full primary course under constant supervision and guidance of able teachers. Seven Ashram School-cum-Sanskar Kendras have already been sanctioned and they will continue to be maintained during the 2nd Plan Period. In order to speed up the progress of education among the Vimukta Jatis it is proposed to open 3 more Ashram schools for the children of the Vimukta Jatis during the 2nd Five-Year Plan Period. The 1st Ashram School will be opened during the 1956-57, the second in the 2nd year of the Plan period and the third in the 4th year. These Ashram Schools will be organised on the lines of Ashram Schools for Scheduled Tribes and will be opened by Voluntary Agencies on grant-in-aid basis near places where Vimukta Jatis population is concentrated. The actual location of the school will, however, be away from Vimukta Jati localities so that the pupils may not come under the influence of their parents or surroundings. The cost of an Ashram School is estimated at Rs.45,180 (Rs. 9,055 recurring *plus* Rs. 36,125 non-recurring). It is therefore proposed to provide a sum of Rs. 45,180 in the budget for the year 1956-57. The details of expenditure on an Ashram School are as follows :—

A. *School Section.*

	Maximum admissible expenditure for 12 months for grant-in-aid purpose.
Recurrent —	Rs.
1. Pay of one teacher in the scale of Rs. 40—1—50—3/2—65—5/2—90.	732
2. Dearness allowance to teacher	420
2(*a*). Leave Salary contribution	92
3. Contribution to the Provident Fund	46
4. Bad climate allowance to teachers (if admissible in the area).	120
5. Contingencies	60
6. Rent for building at Rs. 10 per month till the buildings are completed.	120
7. Miscellaneous expenditure	15
8. Library	100
	1,705
Non-recurrent—	
1. Furniture, equipment, etc.	375
2. Game	100
	475
Total, Section A ...	2,180

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

A total provision of Rs. 3,43,400 has been made in the Second Five Year Plan on account of opening of three Ashram schools.

Location.—The exact locations of the Ashram Schools is not yet decided. It may depend upon a suitable voluntary agency coming forth to undertake the work of starting an Ashram School.

Physical targets.—Three Ashram Schools will be started during the Second Five-Year Plan. One of these schools will be started in 1956-57.

Financial targets—

Year.	Recurring.	Non-recurring.	Total.
1956—57 ...	9,055	36,125	45,180
1957—58 ...	21,820	38,250	60,070
1958—59 ...	30,460	37,475	67,935
1959—60 ...	47,245	74,925	1,22,170
1960—61 ...	60,287	8,475	68,762

A total provision of Rs. 3,43,400 has been made in the Second Five-Year Plan.

Percentage of expenditure to be met by the Central Grant.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the Central Grant. Reasons for this are explained in the covering letter.

5. Organisation of community-*cum*-recreation centres in Vimukta Jati localities.

Estimated cost during 1956-57 :

Recurrent .. Rs. 18,700 Non-recurrent .. Rs. 14,800

Total .. ,, 33,500

Brief explanatory note.—Many of the Vimukta Jati persons in big colonies are reported to be living by manufacturing illicit liquor. In order to wean them away from these criminal activities and to divert their attention to other cultural activities it is proposed to open during 1956-57 six community-cum-recreational centres in localities predominantly inhabited by Vimukta Jatis. The centres will be opened through voluntary agencies one each at Chharanagar (Ahmedabad) Hubli, Bijapur, Sholapur, Ambernath and Mundwa (Poona). If no reliable voluntary agencies come forth to undertake the responsibility the centres will be opened through the Distsict School Boards concerned in cooperation with the Prohibition and Excise Department. The centres will provide for the following activities among others :—

(1) Furtherance of general knowledge in the community.
(2) Development of local leadership ;
(3) Organisation of Cooperative life ;
(4) Organisation of projects for improvement of health, and sanitation and
(5) Recreation for the members of the community.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

The voluntary agencies will be eligible for grant in aid on full cost basis for some years to come provided that the total recurrent and non-recurrent expenditure of the Centre shall not exceed Rs. 5,595 per year for the purposes of Government grant. The details of the expenditure which will be held admissible for the purpose of grant in aid are as under :—

Recurring—

Item.	Expenditure which will be held admissible for grant. Rs.
1. Pay of full time organiser on a consolidated pay of Rs. 100 per month (100 x 12)	1,200
2. Pay of one full time watchman on a consolidated pay of Rs. 40 per mensem (40 x 12)	480
3. Subscriptions to magazines, lighting and other expenditure at Rs. 50 per mensem (50 x 12)	600
4 Recreational programmes at Rs. 20 per mensem for 12 months	240
5 Teaching of craft to women such as sewing, knitting etc. at Rs. 25 per month	300
6 Supply of medicines for normal ailments at Rs. 25 per month (25 x 12)	300
Total ...	3,120

Nonrecurring—

1 Equipment for Bhajans	100
2 Volleyballs with net and spare bladder, carrom boards, etc.	200
3 Legims and Akhada materials	300
4 Sewing machines	300
5 First aid apparatus	100
6 Drinking pots with tap and two spare buckets ..	75
7 Two petromaxes	150
8 Two blackboards	50
9 One Cupboard for stocking materials	90
10 Radio and gramaphones	600
11 Musical instruments	200
12 Furniture such as wooden stands, tables, benches, chairs, etc.	310
Total ...	2,475
Grand total ...	5,595

The total cost on account of six community-*cum*-recreational centres will come to Rs. 33,570 (Rs. 18,720 Recurrent and Rs. 14,850 Non-recurrent).

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

This scheme was approved by the Government of India during 1955-56 but as the sanction was received at the end of the year the scheme could not be implemented during that year. It is therefore included in the Second Five-Year Plan.

Location—

Charanagar (Dist. Ahmedabad), Hubli (Dist. Dharwar), Bijapur (Dist. Bijapur), Sholapur (Dist. Sholapur), Ambernath (Dist. Thana), Mundwa (Dist. Poona).

Physical targets.—To start six community-cum-recreational centres in Vimukta Jatis localities.

Financial targets.—An expenditure of Rs. 33,570 is estimated to be incurred during 1956-57.

Percentage of expenditure to be met by the Central Grant.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the Govt. of India grant. Reasons for this are explained in the covering letter.

6. Grants to Backward Classes Hostels for admitting more Vimukta Jati pupils.

Estimated cost during 1956–57 :

Recurrent ...	Rs. 5,000	Non-recurrent ...	Rs. *Nil.*
Total ...	,, 5,000		

Brief explanatory note.—With a view to provide hostel facilities for children of Vimukta Jatis, 7 hostels catering predominantly for Vimukta Jati pupils have already been opened. The managements of Backward Class Hostels are also being given a special grant of Rs. 20 p. m. for every Vimukta Jati pupil admitted to their hostel.

Government does not propose to open additional hostels exclusively for Vimukta Jati pupils. It, however, proposes to continue the existing hostels and pay grant at existing rates to the managements of Backward Class hostels for admitting Vimukta Jati pupils. In section A the provision during 1955-56 has been repeated for 1956-57. The number of Vimukta Jati pupils availing of hostel facilities will, however, increase during the 2nd Five Year Plan period. To meet the additional cost a provision of Rs. 50,000 have been made in the Plan. During 1956–57, 25 additional Vimukta Jati pupils are expected to be admitted to existing Backward Class hostels. A provision of Rs. 5,000 is therefore made in 1956–57.

Location.—Backward Class hostels all over the State will get assistance under this scheme.

Physical targets.—To encourage Backward Class hostels to admit these Vimukta Jati pupils by paying a grant of Rs. 20 per month per pupil.

Financial targets.—A total provision of Rs. 50,000 is made in the 2nd Five Year Plan and a provision of Rs. 5,000 is made in 1956–57.

Percentage of expenditure to be met by the Central grant.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the central grant. Reasons for this are explained in the covering letter.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

AGRICULTURE.

1. Supply of bullocks, implements etc. to Vimukta Jati cultivators at a subsidised rate.

Estimated cost during 1956-57

Recurring .. Rs. 33,500 Non-recurring .. Rs. *Nil.*

Total .. ,, 33,500.

Brief explanatory note.—The scheme for supply and bullocks, implements etc. to ex-criminal tribe agriculturists at one-fourth of the cost price was first sanctioned in 1953–54 and was continued during 1954–55 and 1955–56. The scheme has proved very useful to ex-criminal tribe cultivators and there is a demand for the concessions given under the scheme for them. The scheme is therefore included in the 2nd Five Year Plan, and a provision of Rs. 1,75,000 has been made on account of this scheme in the Plan. A provision of Rs. 33,500 is made for 1956–57. The details of expenditure during 1956–57 are as follows :—

	Rs.
(*a*) Supply of 40 bullocks at Rs. 300 each (at one-fourth cost).	9,000
(*b*) Supply of 100 implements ploughs at Rs. 80 each (at one-fourth cost).	6,000
(*c*) Supply of seeds at one-fourth cost ...	750
(*d*) Supply 40 premium cows at Rs. 300 each (at one-fourth cost).	9,000
(*e*) Supply of 5 breeding bulls at Rs. 80 each (at one-fourth cost).	3,000
(*f*) Supply of 10 premium buffaloes at Rs. 400 each (at one-fourth cost).	3,000
(*g*) Sheep and wool production. Subsidy to 10 ex-criminal tribe cultivators at Rs. 240 each.	2,400
(*h*) Poultry improvement 69 dozens of hatching eggs at Rs. 4 per dozen.	276
Total ...	33,426
i.e. ...	33,500

Location.—Vimukta Jati Agriculturists all over the State will get benefits under this scheme.

Physical targets.—During 1956–57 the Vimukta Jati agriculturists are to be assisted as follows :—

40 Bullocks,

100 implements,

40 premium cows,

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

5 breeding bulls,

10 premium buffaloes,

69 dozens of hatching eggs, and supply of seeds.

In addition 10 Vimukta Jatis cultivators are to be given subsidy for sheep and wool production.

Financial targets.—An expenditure of Rs. 33,500 is estimated during 1956–57 and a total expenditure of Rs. 1,75,000 is estimated during the Second Five-Year Plan period.

Percentage of expenditure to be met by the Central Grant.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the Government of India Grant. Reasons for this are given in the covering letter.

2. Grant of subsidies to Co-operative Farming Societies of Vimukta Jatis.

Estimated cost during 1956–57 :

Recurrent	..	Rs. *Nil.*	Non-recurrent	..	Rs. 19,500.
Total	..	,, 19,500.			

Brief explanatory note.—A scheme for grant of assistance by way of subsidies to Co-operative Farming Societies of Vimukta Jatis has been in existance since 1953–54. In 1953–54, 4 Farming Societies of Vimukta Jatis were granted subsidy to the extent of Rs. 23,966. During 1954–55 4 more societies were granted subsidy of Rs. 25,000 and during 1955–56 a sum of Rs. 62,000 was earmarked for subsidies to 16 Co-operative Farming Societies of Vimukta Jatis. The subsidy is granted for development and improvement of land and also to cover other assistance of a capital nature such as provision of subsidiary industry, purchase of better equipment, strengthening of reserves, wiping of previous losses etc. As the scheme has been found to be very helpful it has been included in the Second Five-Year Plan. A provision of Rs. 19,500 is made in the year 1956–57.

Location.—Co-operative Farming Societies of Vimukta Jatis all over the State will be eligible for assistance under this scheme.

Physical targets.—It is proposed to assist 12 Co-operative Farming Societies of Vimukta Jatis during 1956–57.

Financial targets.—An expenditure of Rs. 19,500 is proposed to be incurred during 1956–57.

Percentage of expenditure to be met by the Central Grant.—The entire expenditure is proposed to be debited to the Central Grant. Reasons for this are explained in the covering letter.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

3. Reclamation of waste lands granted to Vimukta Jatis.

Estimated cost during 1956-57:

Recurrent	Rs. 30,000.	Non-recurrent ..	Rs. *Nil.*
Total ..	,, 30,000.		

Brief explanatory note.—Waste lands are given to Backward Classes for cultivation but considerable expenditure is required for reclaiming these lands and the Backward Classes are generally not in a position to reclaim such lands and make them fit for cultivation on their own. A scheme for having such lands levelled, bull-dozed and bunded at Government cost has, therefore, been included in the Second Five Year Plan. A provision of Rs. 23,55,000 has been made in the Plan for assistance to all Backward Classes including Scheduled Tribes and Vimukta Jatis. Out of that amount a provision of Rs. 2,50,000 is for Vimukta Jatis. An expenditure of Rs. 30,000 is expected to be incurred on assistance to Vimukta Jatis for reclamation of Government waste, or Bhoodan or other lands, during 1956-57.

Location.—The whole State of Bombay.

Physical targets.—To reclaim Government waste land or Bhoodan land for Vimukta Jatis during the entire period of the Second Five-Year Plan.

Financial targets.—It is proposed to incur an expenditure of Rs. 30,000 during 1956-57 and a total provision of Rs. 2,50,000 is made on account of this scheme in the Plan.

Percentage of expenditure to be met by Central Grant.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the Central Grant. Reasons for this are given in the covering letter.

4. Supply of seeds at 1/2 cost to Vimukta Jati agriculturists.

Estimated cost during 1956-57:

Recurrent ..	Rs. 5,000	Non-recurrent ..	Rs. *Nil.*
Total ..	,, 5,000		

Brief explanatory note.—Backward Class cultivators are often unable to purchase seeds at full cost and, therefore, use their own seeds of low grade. It is proposed to supply improved seeds to the Backward Class cultivators at concessional rate of half the cost, the other half being treated as subsidy and borne by Government. Some cultivators would not be given seeds again during the next year as they are expected to preserve their own seeds for sowing next year. A total provision of Rs. 25,000 has, therefore, been made in the Second Five Year Plan for assistance to Vimkta Jati cultivators under this scheme. A provision of Rs. 5,000 is made in 1956-57.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

Location.—The whole State of Bombay.

Physical targets.—The Vimukta Jati cultivators will be assisted with improved seeds. The exact number cannot be assessed.

Financial targets.—An expenditure of Rs. 5,000 will be incurred during 1956-57 and a total provision of Rs. 25,000 is made under the Plan.

Percentage of expenditure to be met by Central Grants.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the Central grant. Reasons for this are stated in the covering letter.

HOUSING.

1. Financial assistance to Co-operative Housing Societies of Vimochit Jatis.

Estimated cost during 1956-57 :

Recurring	..	Rs. 1,000	Non-recurrent	..	Rs. 1,09,000
Total	..	,, 1,10,000			

Brief explanatory note.—Government has sanctioned in 1948 a scheme known as the Post-War Reconstruction Scheme No. 219 of the Backward Class Housing Societies, with a view to provide housing facilities to the Backward Class population of the State through Housing Societies organised for them etc., and the same has also been continued under the First Five-Year Plan. The facilities provided under the scheme were restricted to Scheduled Tribes and Scheduled Castes population, since 14th August 1953, and so far as new organisations are concerned. In view of the limited work done so far and the great demand of the Backward Classes for housing facilities, it is proposed to continue the scheme under the Second Five-Year Plan. Government has also issued orders holding the Vimochit Jatis Housing Societies registered after 14th August 1953, eligible for assistance under the Post-War Reconstruction Scheme No. 219.

During the period of the Second Five-Year Plan, it is proposed to meet not only the outstanding liability as at 31st January 1956 but also to finance all the remaining Vimukta Jatis Housing Societies registered up to 14th August 1953, inclusive of five such societies registered after 14th August 1953 ; in view of the small number of such societies, so far registered under the scheme. Each such society is taken as consisting of twenty members. In view of the poverty and incapacity of the people belonging to Vimukta Jatis, it is proposed to introduce an element of subsidy, also in respect of financial assistance proposed to be granted towards construction costs. The prescribed cost of construction of houses under the scheme varies at present from Rs. 800 to Rs. 4,000 for different tracts. Of the prescribed estimated cost 75 per cent.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

is proposed to be made available as Government assistance by way of loan and subsidies on 50 : 50 basis. Again 20 per cent. of the members are taken as agriculturists and each one will get Government assistance of Rs. 60 towards construction of cattle-shed and barn of which Rs. 30 will be loan and Rs. 30 subsidy. As such each society of Vimochit Jatis on an average is expected to require a loan of Rs. 15,120 and a subsidy of an equal amount on behalf of 20 members. At the commencement of the Plan, one land acquisition of such a society is expected to be in progress. Five more cases are likely to be taken up during the Plan period. These six land acquisition cases are expected to require a subsidy of about Rs. 66,000. The 24 Vimochit Jatis Housing Societies which are likely to be financed by the end of Second Five-Year Plan will require Rs. 11,000 as subsidy towards cost of management at the prescribed rate for the Plan period. A total provision of Rs. 5,81,000 (Rs. 2,77,000 by way of loan, Rs. 2,93,000 by way of non-recurring subsidy and Rs. 11,000 as recurring subsidy) has been made in the Plan for Vimochit Jatis Co-operative Housing Societies. During 1956-57 a provision of Rs. 1,10,000 (Rs. 70,000 loan, Rs. 39,000 non-recurring subsidy and Rs. 1,000 recurring subsidy) has been made.

Location.—The whole State of Bombay.

Physical targets.—Twenty-four Vimochit Jatis Co-operative Housing Societies each having twenty members and expected to be assisted under the scheme during the Second Five-Year Plan.

Financial targets.—The estimated expenditure during 1956-57 is as follows :—

	Rs.
Loan	70,000
Recurring subsidy	1,000
Non-recurring subsidy	39,000
Total ..	1,10,000

The provision for Plan period —

	Rs.
Loan	2,77,000
Recurring subsidy	11,000
Non-recurring subsidy	2,93,000
Total ..	5,81,000

Percentage of expenditure to be met by the Central Grant.—The entire expenditure on subsidies (viz., Rs. 40,000 during 1956-57 and Rs. 3,04,000 during the Plan period) is debitable to the Central grants. Expenditure on account of loans will be borne by the State Government. Reasons for this are explained in the covering letter.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

COTTAGE INDUSTRIES.

1. Starting of an Industrial Training Centre for Vimochit Jatis at Jalgaon.

Estimated cost during 1956–57 :

Recurrent	...	Rs. 27,199	Non-recurrent	...	Rs. 10,328
Total	...	,, 37,527.			

Brief explanatory note.—Government has already started five Industrial Training Centres for Vimochit Jatis at Ahmedabad, Sholapur, Bijapur, Hubli and Gadag. These Centres are working well. It is now proposed to organise one more Training Centres for Vomochit Jatis at Jalgaon. Training will be imparted at this school in Carpentry and Smithy and Tailoring industries. 20 students will be admitted for training in each of the two crafts and thus 40 persons will be admitted at a time. The trainees will be granted stipends at Rs. 25 per month each. The duration of training course will be one and half year in Carpentry and Smithy and one-year in that of tailoring. If they could not be organised into co-operative societies, the trainees will be granted financial assistance individually to enable them to settle in the industry.

The details of the expenditure inolved during 1956–57 are given below :—

I. *Non-Recurring*—

(A) *Tools and Equipment and furniture*—

	Rs.
(*i*) Carpentry and Smithy	6,313
(*ii*) Tailoring	4,015
	10,328

II. *Recurring*—

Pay of staff.

Carpentry and Smithy.

(*a*) Instructor at Rs. 100 p.m. Rs. 100—5—150 ...	1,100
(*b*) Assistant Instructor at Rs. 72 p.m. Rs. 72—4—100	792
(*c*) Hammerman Rs. 40 p.m. Rs. 40—2—50 ...	440

Tailoring.

(*a*) Instructor at Rs. 72 p.m. Rs. 72—4—100 ...	792
(*b*) Assistant Instructor at Rs. 50 p.m. Rs. 50—3—80—4—100.	550

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

Office Staff.

		Rs.
(*a*) Clerk at Rs. 55 p.m. Rs. 46—3—85—4—125—5—130.		605
(*b*) Peon at Rs. 30 p.m. Rs. 30—½—35 ...		330
(*c*) Watchman at Rs. 30 p.m. Rs. 30—½—35 ...		330
		4,939

	Rs.	
(B) *Allowances and Honoraria.*—		
Dearness allowance	3,630	
Travelling allowance	300	
Supervisory allowance to the Senior Instructor for supervising both the classes at Rs. 20 p.m. for all months.	220	
		4,150
(C) *Contingencies*—		
(*a*) Rent	660	
(*b*) Repairs, renewals	200	
(*c*) Stationery, Postage etc.	250	
(*d*) Raw materials Carpentry and Smithy ...	4,000	
Tailoring	2,000	
		7,110
(D) Stipends at Rs. 25 p.m. for 40 students for 11 months 25×40×11.		11,000
Total, Recurring ...		27,199

Summary of expenditure—		
Non-recurring	10,328	
Recurring	27,199	
Total ...	37,527	

The scheme has been included in the Second Five Year Plan. A provision of Rs. 37,527 is made in 1956-57.

Location.—Jalgaon, East Khandesh.

Physical targets.—To organise an industrial training centre.

Finanical targets.—An expenditure of Rs. 37,527 is estimated during 1956–57.

Percentage of expenditure to be met by Central Grant.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the Central grant. The reason for this is stated in the covering letter.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

2. Starting of an Industrial Training Centre for Vimukta Jatis at Baramati.

Estimated cost during 1956-57: ...

Recurrent	...	Rs. 26,959	Non-recurrent	...	Rs. 10,848.
Total	...	,, 38,807			

Brief explanatory note.—It is proposed to organise an Industrial Training Centre for the Vimukta Jatis at Baramati on the lines of those organised at Ahmedabad, Sholapur, Bijapur, Hubli and Gadag. The Centre will provide training in Carpentry, Smithy and Tailoring, 20 students will be admitted for training in each class and will be paid stipends at Rs. 25 each. The duration of the course will be one year in Tailoring and 1½ years in Carpentry and Smithy. The details of the expenditure during 1956-57 are as under :—

...

Cost of Centre at Baramati.

Non-recurring—	Rs.
(*a*) Tools, equipment, furniture etc.	10848
Recurring (for 11 months)—	
(*a*) *Pay of Staff*— ...	
(*a*) *Carpentry and smithy*—	
(*i*) One Instructor at Rs. 100 p.m. (100—5—150) ...	1,100
(*ii*) One Assistant Instructor at Rs. 72 p.m. (72—4—100)	792
(*iii*) One Hammerman at Rs. 40 p.m. (40—2—60) ...	440
(*b*) *Tailoring*—	
(*i*) One Instructor at Rs. 72 p.m. (72—4—100) ...	792
(*ii*) One Assistant Instructor at Rs. 50 p.m. (50—2—60)	550
(*c*) *Supervisory staff*—	
(*i*) One clerk at Rs. 55 p.m. (55—3—85—4—125—5—130)	605
(*ii*) One Peon at Rs. 30 p.m. (30—½—35) ...	330
(*iii*) One Watchman at Rs. 30 p.m. (30—½—35) ...	330
	4,939

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

		Rs.	Rs.
(*b*) *Allowances and Honoraria*—			
1. Dearness allowance	...	3,520	
2. Travelling allowance	...	200	
			3,720
(*c*) *Contingencies*—			
(*i*) Raw materials.			
Carpentry and smithy	...	3,650	
Tailoring	...	1,850	
		5,500	
(*ii*) Repairs, renewals etc.		500	
(*iii*) Postage Stationery and other contingent expenditure		300	
(*iv*) Rent		1,000*	
			7,300

*The provision would be required if no Government Building is made available for housing the centre.

		Rs.	Rs.
(*d*) *Stipends at Rs. 25 p.m.*—			
(*i*) Carpentry and smithy 23 × 20 × 11		5,500	
(*ii*) Tailoring 25 × 20 × 11	...	5,500	
			11,000
Total, Recurring	...		26,959

Summary of estimates—

Non-recurring	...	10,848
Recurring	...	26,959
Grand Total	...	37,807

The scheme has been included in the Second Five-Year Plan, and a provision of Rs. 37,807 has been made in 1956–57.

Location.—Baramati; District Poona.

Physical targets.—To organise an Industrial Training Centre for Vimukta Jatis at Baramati.

Financial targets.—The estimated expenditure during 1956–57 is Rs. 37,807

Percentage of expenditure to be met by Central Grant.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the Central grant. Reasons for this are explained in the covering letter.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

3. Starting of a Handloom Weaving Centres for Vimukta Jatis at Sholapur.

Estimated cost during 1956-57 :

Recurrent	...	Rs. 19,195	Non-recurrent	...	Rs. 9,357
Total	...	,, 28,552			

Brief explanatory note.—The scheme for handloom weaving is proposed to be run for the Vimukta Jatis at Sholapur through an organisation to be selected by the Director of Backward Class Welfare, Bombay. The organisation will be sanctioned an amount of Rs. 28,897 out of which Rs. 9,357 would be as subsidy for purchase of tools and equipment, Rs. 6,540 as subsidy for management expenses and Rs. 13,000 as loan for working capital. The organisation will train at least 25 persons from Vimukta Jatis in handloom weaving during the period of first three months, during which period they will be sanctioned stipends at the rate of Rs. 20 per mensem each. After the training is over, the trained artisans will be employed on daily wages or on piece work basis whichever is convenient and cloth of coarse counts will be produced since it has demand abroad. The responsibility for marketing the cloth will rest with the organisation. The organisation during the period of production will form a co-operative society of the employed artisans and transfer all the assets and liabilities to the society, provided the liabilities do not exceed the assets. The society after taking over the centre, will repay the Government loan of Rs. 13,000 in instalments that will be fixed by the Director of Backward Class Welfare. The details of the expenditure involved in the first year are given below :—

Non-recurrent—

	Rs.
(*a*) *Tools and equipment*—	
(1) Handlooms (frame fly shuttle looms with automatic take up motion device of different width and drop boxes, complete, with beams, tradles, etc.) at Rs. 175 each—25 looms.	4,375
(2) Warping machine (V Share creel with beam and lease stand holding capacity of 320 warper bobbins of standard quality) at Rs. 250 each—2 sets.	500
(3) Pirn and warper bobbin winding wheels (a new improved with cycle chain arrangement with fly wheel etc.) at Rs. 60 each—7 wheels.	420
(*b*) *Accessories*—	
(1) Varnished healds of all counts and widths two sets for each loom at Rs. 15 per set—50 sets.	750
(2) Steel reeds of all counts and widths two reeds for each loom cost Rs. 10 each—50 reeds.	500

STATEMENT C—*contd.*	Rs.
(3) Shutters of 12½ inches 4 shuttles for each loom.	500
(4) Pirns suitable for shuttles at Rs. 15 per gross—7½ gross.	112
(5) Warper bobbins at R. 30 per gross—20 gross.	600
(6) Heald stances for healds of all sizes	150
(7) Lease roads 25 pairs	150
(8) Extra beams at Rs. 20—25 beams	500
(9) Miscellaneous articles counting glass, yard sticks, tapes, scissors, knives, weighing balances, locks, twine cords, ropes, iron rods, leather belts, iron pulleys, carpentry tools, etc. etc.	300
(c) *Furniture*—	
Table chairs, cupboards, shelves, cash box, sign board, notice board, cloth folding table, drawing denting stand, clock, water buckets, etc. etc.	500
Total, Non-recurrent ...	9,357

Recurrent—

(a) *Pay of staff*—	
1. One Supervisor cum instructor at Rs. 100 per mensem fixed (including allowances).	1,100
2. One Assistant Instructor at Rs. 90 per mensem fixed (including all allowances).	990
3. One clerk cum store keeper at Rs. 75 per mensem fixed (including all allowances).	825
4. One peon at Rs. 40 per mensem fixed (including all allowances).	440
5. One watchman at Rs. 40 per mensem fixed (including all allowances).	440
	3,795

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

	Rs.
(*b*) *Allowances*—	
Travelling Allowance	250
(*c*) *Contingencies*—	
Stationery, postage, eletricity	400
(*d*) Working capital for raw materials and payment of wages, after the training period of three months is over.	13,000
(*e*) Stipends at the rate of Rs. 30 p.m. for the first three months (i.e. training period.).	15,000
(*f*) Subsidy for wastage during training period.	250
	19,195

Summary of expenditure—

	Rs.	a.	p.
1. Non-recurring	... 9,357	8	0
2. Recurring	... 19,195	0	0
Grand Total	... 28,552	8	0

The scheme has been included in the Second Five-Year Plan. A provision of Rs. 28,552 has been made in 1956-57.

Location.—Sholapur.

Physical targets.—To train 25 Vimukta Jati persons and then organise a co-operative society of trained artisans.

Financial targets.—The estimated expenditure during 1956-57 is Rs. 28,552.

Percentage of expenditure to be met by the Central Grant.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the Central Grant. Reasons for this are explained in the covering letter.

4. Grant of loans and subsidies to Vimukta Jati artisans trained at Industrial schools.

Estimated cost during 1956-57 :

Recurrent	..	Rs.	*Nil.*	Non-recurrent	..	Rs.	4,000
Total	..	,,	4,000				

Brief explanatory note.—Government has authorised the Deputy Registars to sanction financial assistance up to Rs. 2,000 to Backward Class artisans of starting or developing cottage industries. Government has authorised the Joint Registrar to sanction financial assistance up to Rs. 6,000 in case of joint applications. This financial assistance, is however, governed by certain

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

conditions e.g. furnishing of security etc. Experience has shown that under the present rules the Backward Class persons are not able to take sufficient advantage of the scheme because of the condition requiring them to produce security. In order therefore to assist the Backward Class artisans, trained at the Industrial Peripatetic and other schools to start or develop cottage industries, it is proposed to give financial assistance up to Rs. 500 both for purchase of tools and equipment and for working capital to each of such artisans on their personal security only. 75 per cent. of the financial assistance of Rs. 500 to each Backward Class artisans would be given as loan free of interest repayable in 50 equal monthly instalments of Rs. 7-8-0 each, the first of such instalment becoming due after six months from the date of disbursement of the loan. The rest of the 25 per cent. of the financial assistance will be subsidy. The grantees shall have to execute necessary agreement bond with Government in this regard. The assistance under this scheme would have to be limited to the persons up to the age of 50. It is proposed to assist about such 80 trainees every year. Of these 20 will approximately be from the Scheduled Tribes and 8 from the Vimukta Jatis.

The expenditure on account of Vimukta Jatis during the Second Five-Year Plan will be Rs. 20,000 for 40 trainees. Out of this amount of Rs. 20,000, Rs. 15,000 will be by way of loans and Rs. 5,000 by way of subsidy. During 1956-57 a provision of Rs. 4,000 (Rs. 3,000 for loans) and Rs. 1,000 for subsidies is made.

Location.—The whole of Bombay State.

Physical targets.—During the Plan period, 40 Vimukta Jati trainees will be assisted and out of these 8 will be assisted during 1956-57.

Financial targets.—The year-wise expenditure during the Plan period will be as follows :—

Year.	Amount of loan.	Amount of subsidy.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1956-57 ...	3,000	1,000	4,000
1957-58 ...	3,000	1,000	4,000
1958-59 ...	3,000	1,000	4,000
1959-60 ...	3,000	1,000	4,000
1960-61 ...	3,000	1,000	4,000
Total ...	15,000	5,000	20,000

Expenditure during 1956-57 will be Rs. 20,000.

Percentage of expenditure to be met by the Central Grant.—The expenditure on subsidy (*viz.* Rs. 1,000 during 1956-57) is debitable to the Government of India grant. The expenditure on loans will be borne by the State Government. Reasons for this are explained in the covering letter.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

AID TO VOLUNTARY AGENCIES.

1. Grants to voluntary agencies for appointment of additional propagandists.

Estimated cost during 1956–57 :

Recurrent	...	Rs. 1,000	Non-recurrent	...	Rs. *Nil.*
Toal	...	,, 1,000			

Brief explanatory note.—In order to wean away the Vimukta Jatis from criminal tendencies and assimilate them in other sections of the population, it is necessary to carry on a vigorous propaganda among the Vimukta Jatis. At present 9 propagandists have been appointed by 3 Voluntary Agencies for Vimukta Jatis. Provision for assistance on account of those propagandists has been made in the normal budget it is however considered necessary to intensify the propaganda drive. A provision of Rs. 22,500 has therefore been made in the Second Five-Year Plan for appointment of 5 additional propagandists during the Second Five-Year Plan period. One of these will be appointed during 1956–57. The expenditure during 1956–57 will be as follows :—

1 Propagandists—	Rs.
Pay Rs. 80×11×1	880
Travelling allowance Rs. 45×11×1	495
	1,375

A provision of Rs. 1,000 is however made in 1956–57.

Location.—Not yet decided. It will depend upon the Voluntary Agency coming forth for the work.

Physical targets.—To appoint 5 propagandists during the Second Five-Year Plan. One of them will be appointed in 1956–57.

Financial targets—	Rs.
Expenditure in 1956–57	1,000
Expenditure in 1956–61	22,500

Percentage of expenditure to be met by Central Grant.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the Central grant. The reasons for this are explained in the covering letter.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

1. Discretionary grant with the Director of Backward Class Welfare for supply of clothes or spinning wheels to Vimukta Jatis pupils in Primary Schools.

Estimated cost during 1956-57:

Recurrent	...	Rs.	6,000	Non-recurrent ...	Rs.	*Nil.*
Total	...	,,	6,000			

Brief explanatory note.—An amount of Rs. 10,000 has been provided in 1956-57 in the normal budget for supply of free clothes or spinning wheels to Vimukta Jati pupils attending primary schools. The provision is, however, found to be very inadequate. An additional provision of Rs. 30,000 has therefore been made in the Second Five Year plan for supply of free clothes and spinning wheels for Vimukta Jatis pupils. The cost per pupil will be about Rs. 5. An amount of Rs. 6,000 is provided for 1956-57.

Location.—All over the State.

Physical targets.—To supply free clothes or spinning wheels to 1,000 pupils of Vimukta Jatis.

Financial targets—

	Rs.
Expenditure in 1956-57	6,000
Expenditure in 1956-61	30,000

Percentage of expenditure to be met by the Central Grant.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the Central grant. The reasons for this are explained in the covering letter.

2. Provision of water supply in Vimukta Jati localities.

Estimated cost during 1956-57:

Recurrent	...	Rs.	*Nil.*	Non-recurrent ...	Rs.	19,000
Total	...	,,	19,000			

Brief explanatory note.—The water supply facilities in the localities of Vimukta Jatis are very inadequate and need to be improved and supplemented. During 1953-54 an amount of Rs. 4,722 was incurred on repairs to well in the Bijapur Settlement and on sinking a well in the Vimukta Jatis Colony at Nandurbar. The water supply position at other places inhabited by Vimukta Jatis also needs to be improved. A provision of Rs. 1,49,000 has therefore been made in the Second Five Year Plan for sinking of new wells, for repairs to existing wells and for laying down pipe connections in these localities.

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

During 1956-57 it is proposed to incur an expenditure of Rs. 19,000 on the following items in two areas predominantly inhabited by Vimukta Jatis :—

	Rs.
(*i*) New wells	10,000
(*ii*) For repairs to the old wells	3,000
(*iii*) For laying down pipe connections	6,000

A provision of Rs. 19,000 has therefore been made in 1956-57.

Location.—The wells will be constructed in localities where Vimukta Jatis are found in great number.

Physical targets.—The exact number of wells to be repaired and constructed cannot be worked out today.

Financial targets.—A provision of Rs. 1,49,000 is made in the Plan for this scheme. An expenditure of Rs. 19,000 is estimated during 1956-57.

Percentage of expenditure to be met by the Central Grant.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the Central Grant. The reasons for this are explained in the covering letter.

3. Organisation of Bal Mandirs and Creches for Vimukta Jatis.

Estimated cost during 1956-57 :

Recurrent ...	Rs.	14,000	Non-recurrent ...	Rs.	4,000
Total ...	,,	18,000			

Brief explanatory note.—In the Vimukta Jati Settlements, Bal Mandirs were run departmentally for the benefit of Ex-Criminal Tribes now known as Vimukta Jatis. The Bal Mandir at Sholapur is still being run departmentally. Milk and other recreational activities are provided in the Bal Mandir at Sholapur for small children. It is considered necessary to open similar Mandirs at Hubli, Gadag, Barsi, Mundwa, Ambernath and Ahmedabad where Vimukta Jatis are found residing in large number. The cost of each Bal Mandir is estimated at Rs. 3,000 as detailed below :—

Item.	Cost.
Recurring—	Rs.
1. One trained Dai on Rs. 40 per month fixed (40×12) ...	480
2. One Servant on Rs. 30 per month fixed (30×12) ...	360
3. Milk charges at Rs. 100 per month (100×12) ...	1,200
4. Rent of the Building at Rs. 25 per month (25×12) ...	300
Total, Recurring ...	2,340

STATEMENT C—*contd.*

	Item.	Cost.
	Non-recurring—	Rs.
1.	Six cradles at Rs. 40 each	240
2.	Nine Mattresses	30
3.	A dozen mackintosh or rubber pieces	24
4.	Ordinary cloth covers for above	24
5.	Four towels	8
6.	One weighing scale	60
7.	One stove	25
8.	Two stainless steel pots with cover for boiling milk ...	20
9.	Six feeding bottles	12
10.	One dozen cups of stainless steel	15
11.	Toys, dolls, balls, wooden horses, etc.	50
12.	Furniture (one table and pair of chairs)	50
13.	Stationery and other sundries	50
	Total, Non-recurring ...	608
	Grand Total ...	2,948
	(in round figures) Rs. 3,000.	

This scheme was sanctioned in 1955-56 but as the sanction was received late it could not be fully implemented. It is now included in the 2nd Five Year Plan and a provision of 18,000 has been made in 1956-57.

Location—

Hubli (District Dharwar).

Gadag (District Dharwar).

Barsi (District Sholapur).

Mundwa (District Poona).

Ambernath (District Thana).

Ahmedabad (District Ahmedabad).

Physical targets.—To organise 6 Bal Mandirs or Creches for Vimukta Jati children during the Second Five-Year Plan.

Financial targets.—The estimated expenditure during 1956-57 is Rs. 18,000.

Percentage of expenditure to be met by Central Grant.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the Central Grant. The reasons for this are given in the covering letter.

STATEMENT C—*concld.*

4. Grant to Harijan Sevak Sangh, Gujarat, for uplift of Chharas of Ahmedabad.

Estimated cost during 1956-57 :

Recurrent	...	Rs. 1,500	Non-recurrent	...	*Nil.*
Total	...	,, 1,500			

Brief explanatory note.—The Harijan Sevak Sangh, Gujarat, has undertaken a scheme of handloom industries at Naroda, Ahmedabad, for the benefit of Chharas who form part of the Vimukta Jatis. The Sangh has been sanctioned a total grant of Rs. 16,762 for non-recurring expenditure under the scheme. In order to start the scheme effectively and to the best advantage of the Chharas, the Sangh has appointed a full-time supervisor on Rs. 100 per mensem. A provision on account of the pay of the supervisor has, therefore, been included in the Second Five-Year Plan. During 1956-57 a provision of Rs. 1,500 has been made on account of this item.

Location.—Naroda, Ahmedabad.

Physical targets.—To cover the expenditure on pay and miscellaneous expenditure of a supervisor.

Financial targets.—An expenditure of Rs. 1,500 is estimated during 1956-57.

Percentage of expenditure to be met by the Central Grant.—The entire expenditure is debitable to the Government of India grants. The reasons for this are explained in the covering letter.

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